"LANKA AFLAME!"
AT
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

WEST END
CINEMA
THE COOLEST & THE MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

VOL. V NO 223 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co., will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Hiscl Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

For Sailings and Freight apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
BOMBAY BRANCH
Alice Buildings, Fort,
Hornby Road, Bombay

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 139 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 819,057.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the Undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAMES'
Electro Tonic Pearls.

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of over work and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.,
Madras, BOMBAY.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable at the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia are purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1889.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 22,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsein Changchun	Calcutta
Darien (Dalny)		London
Hankow		Lyons
Harbin		Fongtien
Hongkong		(Mukden)
Honolulu		Nagasaki
Kobe		Newchwang
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)		New York
Liaoyang		Osaka
		Pekin
		Singapore
Ryojun (Port Arthur)		
San Francisco		
Shanghai		
Sydney		
Tientsin (Australia)		
Tiehling		
Tientsin		
Tokyo		
Tsingtau		
Tsinanfu		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 10,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW.
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE.

Mandvi Branch and Sandhurst Road Branch

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE

THE
BHARAT INSURANCE Co. LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1896.

Branches and Agencies:—Lahore, Delhi, Rawalpindi, Sukkur, Ajmer, Karachi, Bombay, Lucknow, Nagpur, Bankipur, Poona, Mangalore, Calcutta, Bangalore.

Funds exceed .. .. .. Rs. 25,00,000
Surplus about .. .. .. ,, 1,00,000

Specialities:—Moderate premia, ready convertability, prompt payment, Female lives insured etc.

Pushing Agents wanted all over India.

Bharat Buildings, Lahore.

K. C. VIDYARTTI,
Manager.

LALA MORARI LAL,
Representative Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd.,
201, Hornby Road,
Opposite to Whiteaway & Laidlaw,
Bombay.

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Funds exceed ..... Rs. 1,20,00,000
Claims paid exceed ..... Rs. 36,00,000
Annual Income exceeds.. Rs. 25,00,000

All classes of Life Assurance Transacted.

Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.

ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

THE
ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE
ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1874.

INDIA'S
Model Life Assurance Company.

FUNDS OVER Rs. 5,50,00,000 | CLAIMS PAID OVER Rs. 5,00,00,000

The Question of the Moment!

Have you made adequate and secure provision for your wife and family or for old age? If not, effect a Policy with the "ORIENTAL" without a further moment's delay.

Low Premiums. Absolute Security.
Liberal Conditions.

Full particulars and forms on application.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, BOMBAY.

ALL INDIA
United Insurance Co., Ltd.

Started in 1906 under the Chairmanship of
SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA.
The Only Indian Company doing both life and fire business.

Chief Agents:

MESSRS. DALVIE & SONS,
31-45 Church Gate Street.
AGENTS WANTED
IN ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES.
Apply to
M. M. SHIRAZEE & SONS,
Secretaries,

HOTELS

THE EVER POPULAR.
EMPRESS HOTEL
NASIK ROAD,
DEOLALI.
MODERATE CHARGES.
FAMOUS FOR CUISINE
SPACIOUS COMPOUND

SALE BY AUCTION.

GANDHI & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52, Medows Street.

AUCTION SALE OF 50 TONS RICE.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 18th September, 1917, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Shah Punja Karamshi and Co., at their godown No. 6, at Carnac Bunder, new Rice Market, and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser, Rajeshri Antaji Mahadeo.

50 tons about 670 bags Rangoon Rice, special quality, four thousand maunds.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 20TH SEPTEMBER, 1917, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.), AT THE GROUND FLOOR OF FLORA BUILDING, OPPOSITE PARSI STATUE.

Auction Sale of rich teak and blackwood office as well as household furniture comprising of very beautiful tapestry lined drawing room complete suite specially made to order cabinets, corner cabinets, rich almyrahs, side board, dressing tables, chest drawers, toilet tables, book cases, hat stands, dining tables and chairs, bed room set comprising single and double wooden cots of the latest design, iron cots, cupboards, cloth and gown press, fancy tiled teapoys, office writing tables, revolving chair, cane arm and armless chairs, revolving book cases, meatsafe, dirty clothes basket, teak and black specially made to order Curzon chairs, low chairs, complete Pfaff sewing machine, hanging lamps, rich Chinese vases, gallchas, zino tub, pictures, rich glass and crockery ware, etc., etc.

On THURSDAY, the 20th September, 1917, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the above premises, specially made to order office and household furniture comprising dining table and dining chairs, very beautiful tapestry lined drawing room complete suite of sofas and chairs, specially made to order cabinets, corner cabinets, single and double almyrahs, sideboard, dressing tables, toilet tables, dressing chest of drawers, book cases, hat stands, bed room set comprising single and double wooden cots of the latest style, folding iron cots, cupboards, fancy tiled centre teapoys, office writing tables in 3 pieces, lady's tables, revolving chairs, cane arm and armless chairs, revolving book cases, cloth and gown press, meatsafe, dirty cloth baskets, teak and blackwood specially made Curzon chairs, low chairs, rich vases, Pfaff sewing machine complete in good order, zinc tub, pictures, rich crockery and glass ware, etc.

Property of J. Over, Esq., of G. I. P. Rly., and other European gentlemen.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th September, 1917.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
21, Medows Street.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of September, 1917, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms, the following:—

On account of the Consignors:

An assortment of Japanese decorative porcelain consisting of vases, and jars of old Chinese design, yellow, green and black enamel coloured and decorated vases of various sizes, Imari flower pots, and five coloured flower pots of very large sizes, Imari flower holders, flower baskets, plates, artistically decorated Satsuma flower bowls, plates, jars, vases, figures of Japanese divinities and characters, tea sets, and cups and saucers of fine porcelain in silk lined cases, translucent enamelled vases, and similar other works of art.

1 case 25 dozen walking sticks, ivory, lacquered, metal mounted, cane and bamboo.
1 case mat suit cases and handbags, cane baskets, umbrella stands, pen trays, vases painted panels, metal wine glasses, etc.

On account of the concerned:—

12 chests each 136 lbs. dust tea.
12 chests 867 lbs. tea (leaves.)
1 chest 112 lbs. Broken Orange Pekoe.
1 chest 72 lbs. tea.
1 chest 95 lbs. Orange Pekoe.
100 tins tea, blue label, ½ to 1 lb. tin.
100 tins tea, yellow label, ½ to 1 lb. tin.
50 tins tea, black label, ½ to 1 lb. tin.
1 case 40 tins "Golden Puff" Biscuits.
1 case 8 dozen Hot water rubber bags.
1 case 200 pieces Kerosine oil burners.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Immoveable Property known as Mahajan Wadi or Kumrushkerwadi at Jail Road North near Umerkhady Post Office, out of Fort, Bombay.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from and by order of Achyut Balvant Kolhatkar, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the Suit No. 1257 of 1914, Harischandra Ganpat Kaduskar vs. Ramchandra Kondajee Kaduskar and others and pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Decree, dated the 21st July 1917, passed in the above suit, sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY the 22nd day of September, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the undermentioned property.—

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land, situate, lying and being on the Jail Road North, outside the Fort, of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 389 5/9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Street Nos. 58 and 60, and Ward No. 3472, and which said hereditaments an premises are bounded on the East by the property of Khoja Raojee Cooverjee, on the West by the public passage, on the North partly by the property of Mahadu Bapujee and partly by the property of Bona Venturra Cardoza, and on the South by the said Jail Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Judah and Solomon, Attorneys for the Receiver, at their Office, 2, Dean Lane, Fort Bombay, or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th September, 1917.

FOR
ANY THING FASHIONABLE
in Chinese Japanese, French and English Silk Piece Goods, Art Embroidery Work, etc.
A VISIT TO OUR SHOW ROOMS
will more than pay your trouble and will get you a chance to select your equirements from quite a variety of up-to-date articles.
AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE
JAPANESE FINE ARTS
OF
LAHORE, SIMLA, RAWALPINDI & MUREE
WILL OPEN SHORTLY
In the premises next to National Bank of India,
Opposite Currency Office, Fort,
BOMBAY.

FOR THE VERY BEST
SILK.
OF ALL VARIETIES
JUST VISIT OUR
SILK EMPORIUM
renowned for the genuineness and superiority of all articles of Silk Piece-goods, Embroidery, Scarfs, Linen goods, etc., etc., and WONDERFULLY LOW PRICES due to the fact that we are PIONEERS in the line and our experience and resources are unequalled.
Whatever you buy will be a REAL BARGAIN.
Whatever you see will be a TREAT.
KARANJIA & Co., Ltd.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SALE BY AUCTION

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1255.

PROPERTY ON VIEW.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY, THE 19th SEPT. AT 3-30 P.M. (S.T.), OF VERY HIGH CLASS ITALIAN SCULPTURED WHITE AND COLOURED MARBLE STATUES OF RICH TASTE, MARBLE AND WOODEN PEDESTALS, BUSTS OF WARRIORS, POETS, AUTHORS AND FIGURES OF ACTRESSES.

TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY, the 19th September at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the Consignee.

Ex. S. S. "LOREDANO," which arrived in Bombay on or about the 21st August.

A rare consignment consisting of very high class Italian sculptured white and coloured marble figures of varieties, marble and wooden pedestals, busts of distinguished personages, figures of fairies and actresses rich marble drawing hall foutains etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the consignment is on view.

Note.—The above figures have been sculptured by a well-known Professor in the Art at Florence.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th Sept. 1917.

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL 1912

MOHANLAL & CO.,

JEWELLERS.

197, 201 Sk. Memon St., BOMBAY. Tele. No. 1798.

Messrs. P. HORMUSJI & COMPANY.

No. 123, Crawford Market,
Central Compound.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST.

Daily bazar suppliers of dry and fresh fruits, vegetables, ice, fish and oilmanstoresto Navies, Clubs, Hotels and private Families, Commission Agents, Purveyors and General Merchants.

All orders local or up-country carefully executed and promptly despatched under the special supervision of the proprietors.

Prices exceptionally cheap, genuineness of every article guaranteed.

A TRIAL ORDER EARNESTLY SOLICITED.

CASH ONLY WITH ORDER OR V. P.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1878.
No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.
Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted." "To Be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business are charged as the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 3 annas per insertion; every additional word 1 anna.

Advertisements are not received after 4 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line, or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 5, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

	Daily. Rs.	Sunday Rs.
Local	30	5 per annum.
Up-country	35	6 per annum.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

"MARKHAM" MASTER VIBRATORS. Indispensable for smoother running of Ford Cars. Rs. 35. EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES, New Queen's Road, Bombay. 994—3

KASHMIR GOODS AT YOUR DOOR.—Cold thread worked Cuffs, Collars complete for shirts Rs. 5, Silk embroidered Table cloth Rs. 8, Cushion Cover Rs. 5, Turquoise work necklace Rs. 10, Ear Pendant Rs. 5, Photo Frames Rs. 4, Sweet Kagzi Almond As. 10 per lb., Refined Salajit Re. 1 per tola, Saffron Rs. 2/4 per tola, other Kashmir curiosities sent to order. SHAMLAL & Co., Srinagar, Kashmir. 9826

DR. CARR, D.D.S., Dentist to His Majesty's Forces, Largest Dental Practice, East of Suez. Dr. CARR, D.D.S., DENTAL SURGEON, 107, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY (OPPOSITE CLOCK TOWER, OVER FRENCH BANK).

Dr. Carr desires to intimate to the Residents of Bombay that he is still able to maintain the lowest fees in India for the highest grade English and American Painless Dentistry. Large contracts for dental materials having been entered into before the war, make it possible to maintain the present prices. (Other Dentists and small buyers have now to pay 50 and 60 per cent. more for their materials and their charges have gone up accordingly.)

Latest methods in fitting perfect artificial teeth mounted on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite, etc.

FULL SETS UPPER OR LOWER FROM Rs. 50. Teeth without plates, Gold Crown, Bar and Bridge work. Teeth permanently filled with Gold, Porcelain and Amalgam (Painless).

Absolutely painless extractions. By his celebrated anaesthetic from one to 20 teeth may be extracted at a single sitting without the slightest pain also by Gas, Ether and Chloroform.

PYORRHOEA and other diseases of the mouth treated by the latest successful methods.

Dr. Carr is personally in attendance and guarantees all work.

Twenty years' experience in Europe, Asia and America.

Hours: Week days, 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. Sundays, 10 to 12 noon.

DR. CARR, D. D. S.
107, ESPLANADE ROAD.

MOTOR VEHICLES.

WANTED—MOTOR CARS for Prompt Reliable and High Class Repair at lowest rate under personal supervision of our expert Automobile Engineer from London. Guarantee entire satisfaction. Motor cars for sale and for hire. PAINT PNEUMATIC BLOCKS TYRES AND MOTOR TRANSPORT CO., LTD., Hughes Road, Chaupaty, Bombay. B

MISCELLANEOUS

DR. CARR, D.D.S., Dental Surgeon, 107, Esplanade Road, (opposite Clock Tower, over French Bank), Fort, Bombay, personally in attendance and guarantees all work.
Hours 9 to 7.
Sunday 10 to 12 noon.
Moderate fees. 8292

FRUITS.

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES.—9 lbs. nett for Rs. 3/8, all charges included, by V.P. parcel post. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Panjab. 9601.

BEST KASHMIR ALMONDS at As. 10, Sweet Apricots at As. 5, Walnut Kernels at As. 4, and best Hing at Rs. 2-4 per lb.; Genuine Musk at Rs. 35, Pure Saffron at Re. 1-8 and Refined Silajit at As. 8 per tola. KASHMIR STORES, Srinagar, No. 119. 9761

EDUCATIONAL.

DAVARS' COLLEGE of COMMERCE.—Practical courses of Commerce for Practical Appointments, 80, Esplanade Road. 9838

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—An experienced MECHANIC LORRY DRIVER. State qualifications and salary required to Box No. 195, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9840

WANTED IMMEDIATELY for the S. S. "Huntball" SECOND and THIRD OFFICERS and 5th ENGINEER. Certificated men necesary.. Apply to Messrs. W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., Bombay. 9796

WANTED—A Qualified MEDICAL MAN to work in a Running Dispensary in good locality, on suitable terms. Apply to Box No. 191, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9811

WANTED from October 1st in Bannu, N.W.F.P. a COOK or BUTLER Goanese of Bombay, wages Rs. 30 and 25. Reply with copies of testimonials to STIPPLES HOTEL, Dalhousie, Punjab. 9809

WANTED for the Somaliland Government a qualified SUB-ASSTT.-SURGEON on a salary of Rs. 120 p.m. rising to Rs. 200 p.m. by annual increments of Rs. 10, free quarters, free passage both ways. Three years' agreement in the 1st instance. Service involves Military and Civil Duties within the Protectorate. Apply with copies of testimonials or personally to Messrs. COWASJEE DINSHAW & BROS., 23, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. 9814

APPLICATIONS will be received up to the 24th September, 1917, for the appointment of a whole-timed SECRETARY and TREASURER for the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals and the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals. Free quarters will be provided in the compound of the Hospital. Applications stating age, qualifications and salary required, should be addressed to The HON. SIR DINSHAW PETIT, The President of the Society, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 9827

SITUATION WANTED.

MOTOR DRIVER.—Respectable and thoroughly competent MOTOR DRIVER SEEKS EMPLOYMENT with European or Indian Gentleman. Several years' experience and excellent references.—Apply Box No. 180,, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED

WANTED—AGENTS by The Eastern Industrial Works for Phenyle, Sealing Wax, Black, Japan, etc. Write G. V. MEHTA & Co., Shanghvi Sadan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 9559

A RESPECTABLE CAPITALIST FIRM of Lahore having connections in several chief places of Punjab, U. P. & Sindh wants agencies. Representative staying at Rawal Mansions, 2nd floor, Lamington Road, Tel. 3894, can be seen between 1 to 3 p.m. daily. SETH HARI-SINGH HARNAMSINGH. 9839

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A second-hand STEAM ROAD ROLLER, 8 tons, in good order. Apply to Messrs. TEJOO KALA and Co., New Nagpada, Bombay. 9703

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET—One Handsome BUNGALOW "SEA VIEW" at Karwar. For further particulars apply to SIMON D'SOUZA, SONS, Wine Merchants, Karwar, North Kanara. 9759

B S. A. PUCCA PATH RACERS, the machine which has been the top notch in cycle racing world. Rs. 200. Only a few received. WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay and Poona. C

FOR SALE—One PIANO Square lenir grand by Schiedmayer and Sochne Stutgart 7 by 3 in thorough good order. Price Rs. 350. For further particulars apply to SIMON D'SOUZA, SONS, Wine Merchants, Karwar, North Kanara. 9760

FOR SALE.—Smart U. H. L. GOLD ART STEEL COMBINATION ROLL TOP Brief and Foolscap size TYPEWRITER TABLES and CABINETS by Toledo Metal Furniture Co., of America, at MEHTA AUCTIONEER'S ROOMS, 53, Medows Street, Fort. 977

FOR SALE.—On the MAHIM FORE SHORE abutting on the WESTERN AVENUE, a large piece of land, measuring 31,902 square yards having a Sea Frontage of 1,040 feet eminently suitable for fine Seaside residences or big Industrial concern. For particulars apply Messrs. CAPTAIN and VAIDYA, Solicitors, 121, Esplanade Road. 9442

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE to drive 80 Guns, Punching Shearing Machine to cut half inch plate—Oil Engines all sizes. Apply PLATT & Co., Two Tanks, Bombay. 9833

FOR SALE—A BAY WALER HORSE, thoroughly reliable, fast and showy. Good opportunity. Sold as not further needed. Price Rs. 1,000. Write to Box No. 194, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9835

FOR SALE—At CRAWFORD'S AUCTION on SATURDAY, the 22nd. A BAY WALER HORSE, thoroughly broken to harness and saddle, fast and showy. Sold for no fault. Owner reducing stable. Good opportunity. 9834

FOR SALE—WATER HEATER 6 by 3½, shaftings 22' by 6½" Avery's and Williams, Scales, 2 to 6 grooved, and 24" by 7" to 48" by 13½." Rope pulleys, John Greenhalughs Willows gunmetaled valve boxes, for Bailing Press, Distributing, Relieving, Starting, etc., for Engine pumps, delivery, suction, etc., slightly used. Apply MEGHJI VALABHDASS, 222, Musjid Bunder Road. 9770

TO BE LET.

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road, Rents from Rs. 25 to 125 Rooms can be furnished and arrangements for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER

PUBLIC NOTICES

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

THE Firm ARTURO BONESCHI notifies the REMOVAL of its Office to MACMILLAN BUILDINGS, Hornby Road, 1st Floor, from the 17th instant. All communications to be directed to the new address. Telephone No. 2629.

ARTURO BONESCHI.
Sole Proprietor.
9829

THE YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

ESTABLISHED 1862. CAPITAL $1,200,000 FIRE BRANCH.

HAVING been appointed CHIEF AGENTS for the above Association in Bombay Presidency including Sind, we are prepared to accept Fire Business of every description at the current Tariff rates.

MULRAJ KHATAU & Co.,
Chief Agents.
Oriental Buildings,
Hornby Road, 18th September, 1917. 9825

NOTICE.

WILL the Gentleman who shortly after midnight of Monday, 10th instant, observed a Motor Car travelling northwards along Esplanade Road, Bombay, at a high speed and gove the number of same to a Police Sepoy outside Messrs. Thomson and Taylor's Shop, kindly communicate with the undersigned immediately?

A. F. FERGUSON & Co.,
Secretaries,
Bombay Salvage Corps Association.
Bombay, 15th September, 1917. 9837

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL POLICY has been drawn up by the "GENERAL" to insure Members against Accidents and Sickness during their period of General Service Training. Also special terms for insurance of Chargers against Death by Accident or Disease during training.

Apply to—G. M. ROSE, Manager for India, GENERAL ACCIDENT FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE CORPN., LTD. 12-14, Church Gate Street, Bombay. 9773

NOTICE TO LADIES.

IT is now possible for Lady Secretaries, Teachers, Nurses, Missionaries and women workers generally to insure on favourable terms against Accidents and Sickness.

Premiums payable quarterly.

Apply to—G. M. ROSE, Manager for India, GENERAL ACCIDENT FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE CORPN., LTD., 12-14, Church Gate Street, Bombay. 9774

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of The Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 18th day of September, 1917, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time), when the following Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution:—

RESOLUTION.

"That Article 3 B of the Articles of Association of the Company be altered by inserting therein after the figure and words '5 per cent. per annum' the words 'free of Income Tax.'"

And Notice is hereby also given that a further Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company will be held at the said Registered Office of the Company, at Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 4th day of October, 1917, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time), for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at the abovementioned Meeting, and of confirming, if thought fit, as a Special Resolution, the abovementioned Resolution.

By order of the Board of Directors.

KAVASJI K. MEHTA,
Secretary.
Navsari Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 30th August, 1917. 9701

PUBLIC NOTICES:

NOTICE.

THACKER'S DIRECTORIES, 1918.
CALCUTTA.

OUR REPRESENTATIVE, Mr. B. A. D'SOUZA, is in Bombay in connection with the annual revision of our Bombay and Indian Directories. Kindly address all communication as under:

REPRESENTATIVE,
Thacker's Directories, Ltd.,
C/o Messrs. Thacker & Co., Bombay.
Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta.
Dated 13th September, 1917. 9831

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

S. S. "TAIAN MARU" from JAPAN via Singapore, and the CONSIGNEES of her CARGO are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for countersignature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

T. KAWAGUCHI.
Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

THE BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.

WANTED.

1. A PROFESSOR for the Manindra Chandra Chair for Ancient Indian History and Culture in the Benares Hindu University. Salary Rs. 500 per mensem inclusive of all charges. The Professor must have some knowledge of Sanskrit and Epigraphy. He is expected to devote the whole of his time to the work and to do not less than 12 hours class work in the week and to assist generally in the studies in the Department of History.

2. A PROFESSOR of English, salary Rs. 500 rising to Rs. 750 by annual increment of Rs. 50. The Professor should possess a good knowledge of the English Literature and should be able to take the highest classes in that language. He will be one of the University Professors. In case of persons possessing especial qualifications and experience, an additional personal allowance of Rs. 250 per mensem can also be given. If not holding a pensionable appointment he will be entitled to the benefit of the Provident Fund to which the members of the staff contribute one anna in the rupee and the University, a moiety thereof.

3. Another PROFESSOR of English, on Rs. 300—20—500 with benefit of the Provident Fund.

4. A HEAD MASTER for the Central Hindu High School, salary Rs. 300 up to Rs. 500 according to qualifications; with the benefit of the Provident Fund. He will have to take charge of the enlarged and reconstituted School under the University Regulations, and to act as Secretary of the Central Hindu School Board.

Candidates should apply on or before 15th October, 1917, and state their educational qualifications and the University degrees and the subjects which they offered for their degrees. They should also state their previous educational experience and the present post if any they occupy and the salary it carries. They should also give reference to any person or persons, who should be able to speak about them. Applications should be sent to the Vice-Chancellor, Benares Hindu University, 9, Elgin Road, Allahabad.

Any further information required will be supplied by the

OFFICER-IN-CHARGE,
Benares Hindu University Office,
9747 4, Couper Road, Allahabad.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(ORDER 5, RULES 1 AND 5.)

IN THE COURT OF THE SUB-JUDGE AT JHANSI DISTRICT, JHANSI.

Suit No. 278 of 1916.

JHANSI RAM BAQQAL, etc., Sipri Bazar, Jhansi .....Plaintiff.

vs.

PANNALAL, son of DULICHAND CASTE, ...Defendant.

To Barber resident of Byculla Parel Road, Saraf Building, No. 25, Bombay, dwelling at Bombay.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 170, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the seventh day of November, 1917, at 10 o'clock in the before noon, to answer the claim! and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence and all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day beforementioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 13th day of September, 1917.

Seal. SHEOCHARAN LAL.
Munsarim.

NOTICE.

1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have a summons from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the production of any document that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court and on depositing the necessary expenses.

2. If you admit the claim, you should pay the money into Court together with costs of the suit to avoid execution of the decree, which may be against your person or property, or both. 9832

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that our client Mr. ESUFALLY ALLIBHOY has this day cancelled the general power of attorney dated the 6th day of December, 1915, given by him to Mr. HUSSANALLY MAHOMEDALLI BHUSAWALWALLA. Tenants of our clients property situate at Bapty Road and other persons indebted to him are requested to pay the rent and the money to our client.

Dated this 14th day of September, 1917.

AMIN & DESAI,
Attorneys for Mr. Esufalli Alibhoy. 9830

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAI JAMNABAI, wife of CHAGANLAL VALCHAND, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our clients the property described in the schedule hereunder written. All persons having claims against the said property by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage, lease, lien, sale, or otherwise and are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, situate at 21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claims and the same will, if any be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house hereditaments and premises thereon built, situate lying and being at Bombay in Chewool Wadi in Colbhat Street, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, fronting the said Colbhat Street, on the north side thereof, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue, under Collector's Old No. 633, New No. 2925, Old Survey No. 17, New Survey No. 116, containing by admeasurement four hundred and seventy-one and decimal point forty-three square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the house of Limji Eyramji, on the West by the house of Maneckji Nowroji, on the North by the said Colbhat Street, and on the South by the Cart called Chewool Wadi, belonging to Shamrao Pandoorang and which said dwelling house and premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under C Ward Nos. 3129 to 3132 and Street Nos. 40 to 44 (1) and 46.

Dated this 17th day of September, 1917.

MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL MEHTA & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
9836

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

Bombay's Premier Palace of Amusement

TO-DAY AT 6-30 ONLY.

BANDMAN VARIETIES

LEYWOOD & NORELL

in their Burlesque Impressions

EXCELSIOR PICTURES

MAY BRILLIANT

Soubrette Songstress from
The London Variety Theatre.
POPULAR PRICES
Rs. 3, 2, 1 and annas 8 and 4.

Next Saturday—An epoch-making production

"MASK AND FACES"

Starring all the Leaders of the London Stage:

Sir Johnstone Forbes Robertson, H. B. Irving, Gerald Du Maurier, Ben Webster, Dennis Neilson Terry, Weedon Grossmith, Irene Vanbrugh, Lilian Braithwaite, Lilla McCarthy, Gladys Cooper, Stella Patrick Campbell and a host of other London Stars.

Produced under the authority
of the
ACADEMY OF DRAMATIC ART.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

September 19th, 20th & 21st at 9-30 p. m.

A VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

and an interpretation of the

"RUBAIYAT OF OMAR KHAYYAM"

by Mrs. E. V. WATSON
in aid of
THE LEAGUE OF MERCY
under the patronage of
H. E. THE GOVERNOR & LADY WILLINGDON, C. I.
Music arranged by
PROFESSOR DAWSON.
60 PERFORMERS.
Prices: Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2 and 1.
PLAN AT ROSE & Co.
from August 28.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE.
HOME OF CELEBRITIES.
THE POPULAR
HOWITT-PHILLIPS COMPAMY
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30
Hall Caine's Great Drama.
"THE PRODIGAL SON"

Showing how husband and wife suffer when they are not well mated. The wife in the play, having gone through vicissitudes of life, learns wisdom by his bitter experience.

TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY
MATINEE AT 5 P.M.
" TIGER'S CUB "

A thrilling and sensational drama of life in Alaska. In spite of men's unbridled passions the hero eventually wins his game against brutality.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, NIGHT AT 9-30.
"THE YOUNGER GENERATION"

Stanley Houghton's brilliant Lancashire comedy in which a wise uncle helps three children to defy their narrow-minded parents and live sensible lives.

THURSDAY AT 9-30 P.M.
"THE LAND OF PROMISE"

The great Canadian Drama by Somerset Maugham.

FRIDAY AT 9-30 P.M.
"THE BOOMERANG"

A comedy of love, a doctor and his nervous patient.

SATURDAY, MATINEE AT 5 P.M.
"THE PRODIGAL SON"

SATURDAY AT 9-30 P.M.
"RAFFLES"

The wonderful "crook" play with the famous cricketer-burglar as the hero.

SUNDAY, MATINEE AT 5 P.M.
"UNDER TWO FLAGS"

Night Prices: Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 & Ans. 8.
Matinee Prices: Rs. 3, 1-8, 1 & Ans. 8.
BOOKING AT ROSE & CO.
Week days:—From 10 a.m. till 6 p.m.
Saturday:— ,, 10 ,, 1 p.m.

NEW PICTURE BILL.
TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY & FRIDAY AT 6-45 P.M. ONLY.
"DESPERATION"
"THE GIRL REPORTER'S SCOOP"
"PRACTICE WHAT YOU PREACH"
AND A MUSICAL TREAT BY THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices:—Re. 1/8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 & 4.
Box seats Re. 2.

ELDORADO

ITALIAN CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD (North)
Telephone 1304.
THE FINAL CHAPTERS
OF THE GREAT SERIAL
"THE PURPLE MASK"
also
"THE PERILS OF THE SECRET SERVICE"
PATHE GAZETTE—LATEST—AND A COMIC
LOOK OUT FOR A MIGHTY.
ITALA FILM
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

2 LAST TWO NIGHTS 2
Present Attractive Programme
PALACE OF VARIETIES
GAIETY THEATRE
6-30 TO-NIGHT 10 p.m.
SIGNOR O. BUGATTAI
Leading TENOR of
ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA Co.
STILLWELL
THE GREAT
MASTER MAGICIAN
LEE
MOLLE ELSIE
IN THE GREAT
MAIL-BAG ESCAPE
Varieties by
MISS ZILLA
MISS STELLA
MISS LLOYD
THE WEATHERLEYS
IN A MUSICAL SAMPLE
WOT 'CHER
LOOK OUT ON THURSDAY SEPT. 20th
GREAT GALA ATTRACTION!
THE GREAT
STILLWELL
will Present the Sensational Illusions
AYESHA or the FIRE of LIFE
SEE
MDLLE. ELSIE AS "SHE"
The Spirit Table
Matter through Matter, etc.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 2nd Sud of Bhadrapad, 1973.
Mahomedan: 30th of Julkat, 1335.
Jewish: 2nd of Thisri, 5678.
Parsi 8th of Farwardin, 1287.
Sunrise: 6h. 26min.; Sunset: 6h. 41min.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Meeting of the Board of City Improvement Trust, 4 p.m.

Provincial Co-operative Conference Council Hall, Poona, 10-45 a.m., H. E. the Governor presiding.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19.

Municipal Standing Committee Meeting, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, Sept. 20.

Ganesh Chaturthi: Hindu Holiday, Banks closed.

SUNDAY, Sept. 23.

Organ Recital at Town Hall by Mr. Mortimer in aid of Seamen's Institute, 5 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Excelsior Theatre: at 6-30 and 9-30. Bandman Varieties, Chaplin in Carmen.

Royal Opera House: 6-45 Cinema, and 9-30 The Howitt-Phillips Company in "The Prodigal Son." of Lady Camber."

Empire Cinema; 6-30, 8-15 and 10-0 p.m.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45, 8-30 and 10 p.m.

Palace of Varieties: At 6-30 and 10 p.m every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday Show, every Sunday at 6-30 p.m. at Edward's

West End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-15, 9-0 and 10-45.

Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road. 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.

G. I. P. TRAINS FROM BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 0	14 25
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	15 0	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9 15	18 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 30
Poona Mail	11 25	14 45
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter Class).	8 30	7 0
Poona Express	19 40	7 55

Dep.

Punjab Postal Express, Calcutta Do. do., Madras Do. do. } On days of arrival seven hours after mail steamer is signalled

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the arrival and departure times [illegible]:—

BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
[illegible] Express	11 35	17 0
Gujrat Mails	8 15	21 0
Kathiawar 2nd Class Express ..	7 40	21 21

Domestic Occurrence.

BIRTH.

GAINSFORD.—On Saturday Sept. 15th at Andheri to the wife of Harold Gainsford a son.

BAND AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Rifles will play a programme of music, this evening, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Rifles will play a programme of music this evening under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

There will be a meeting of the Board to-day the 18th instant, at 4 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Commencing from Tuesday the 4th September, 1917, mails for the Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force, Busra and Mohammerah will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office every third day.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The Traffic Superintendent of the B. B. and C. I. Railway writes:—Owing to heavy rain the motor road between Abu Road and Mount Abu has been breached to the extent of six miles, and it has been found impossible to tranship passengers and their baggage.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

One attack and two deaths occurred from plague on Monday, Byculla reporting one attack and one death and Market one death. The total mortality from all causes was 92 as against 63 of the corresponding day of last year and 75 of 1915.

THEFT OF DYES.

Mr. Rankin, manager of the E. D. Sassoon Turkey Dye Works, Mahim, reports to the Police the theft of 137 lbs of dyes valued at Rs. 1818 from the store room some time during the night of the 13th instant.

FIVE RINGS MISSING.

Captain Steel of the 13th Hussars, at present staying with Sir Michael Nethersol on Pawai Road, reports that five rings of the collective value of Rs. 2865, which his wife placed in a small silver box on the top of her dressing table on Friday night, are missing.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

"Under the ausnices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood on Saturday the 22nd instant, in the Prarthana Samaj Hall at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), there will be a public debate when Dr. P. N. Daruwalla will move "that Social and Economic reform is a condition precedent to the Political Regeneration of India."

HIGH COURT.

DISPUTE OVER DEPOSIT RECEIPT.

PLANTIFF'S SUIT DISMISSED WITH COSTS.

(Before Mr. Justice Kajiji.)

Murkandrai Kalyanrai Mehta .....Plaintiff.
vs.
Virendrarai Chandraprasad Desai and another .....Defendants.

This was a suit to recover from the defendants a sum of Rs. 48,000.

Mr. D. F. Mulla and Mr. M. A. Jinnah appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. B. J. Desai and Mr. V. F. Taraporewalla appeared for the defendants.

On the 15th February, 1909, the plaintiff advanced a sum of Rs. 50,000 at interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum for a period of 3 years to the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. who passed in favour of the plaintiff a deposit receipt for this amount. The firm of G. H. Desai and Co. at that time consisted of three brothers Luxmiprasad, Yeshwantprasad and Chandraprasad, the father of the defendants in this suit. The amount due under the receipt became due and payable on the 15th February 1912, but the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. being unable to pay the loan passed a fresh deposit receipt to the plaintiff for Rs. 50,000 repayable after one year with interest at the same rate. The deposit receipt of 15th February 1909 was returned by the plaintiff to the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. Before the loan of Rs. 50,000 was repaid Chandraprasad Hariprasad Desai died on 28th February, 1913, leaving two sons, the present defendants.

On the 7th April, 1913, Luxmiprasad and Yeshwantprasad the surviving partners in the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. passed in the name of the firm a demand promissory note to the plaintiff for Rs. 50,000 with interest at 6 per cent. per annum the deposit receipt of 15th February, 1912, being returned to the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. Subsequently the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. paid Rs. 2,000 on account to the plaintiff and on 27th April the surviving partners in the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. passed a fresh demand promissory note for Rs. 48,000 the balance of the original loan of Rs. 50,000. On 21st December, 1914, the plaintiff filed a suit being suit No. 1502 of 1914 against the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. to recover the amount of the promissory note of the 27th April 1914. That suit was referred to the arbitration of Mr. Chimanlal H. Setalvad. On 21st August 1915 an agreement was arrived at between plaintiff and Luxmiprasad and Yeshwantprasad in respect of the subject matter of the reference and a bond was prepared providing for payment of Rs. 48,000 by instalments and the bond was afterwards settled by the arbitrator and the engrossment was signed before the arbitrator on the 26th January 1916 by Yeshwantrai and Dinkarrai Luxmiprasad, as manager of the family of Luxmiprasad, who died on 1st October 1915. The plaintiff accepted the bond without prejudice to his rights if any against the estate of Chandraprasad. The arbitrator made his award on 31st January 1916. The plaintiff, in the present suit, sought to recover from the estate of Chandraprasad in respect of the deposit receipt dated the 15th February 1912 and the debt in respect of which the receipt was passed.

There were two main defences to the suit. The defendants contended that the plaintiff was not entitled to maintain the suit by reason of the proceedings taken in suit 1502 of 1914 and acts had and done thereunder, and, further, that the rights of the plaintiff in respect of the alleged debt was extinguished released by reason of the promissory notes dated 7th April 1913 and 27th April 1914 and by the return of the earlier notes and by reason of the plaintiff's acceptance of the bond dated 26th January 1916.

JUDGMENT.

After hearing arguments of counsel at considerable length his Lordship delivered judgment in the suit. His Lordship in the course of his judgment said that it was first necessary to consider against whom suit 1502 of 1914 had been filed. That suit had been filed against the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. in the firm's name. It was open to the plaintiff to have made the defendants in the present suit, defendants in that suit, as heirs and legal representatives of the deceased Chandraprasad but the plaintiff had preferred to make the firm only the defendants on the 13th April 1916 a decree in terms of the arbitrators' award had been taken. Though it had been contended to the contrary, the bond of 26th January 1916 must be taken as a part of the arbitrator's award on that point. A most careful, elaborate and interesting argument had been addressed to the Court both by Mr. Mulla and Mr. Desai for their respective clients. It had been contended for the defendants that the plaintiff had one single and entire cause of action against the three brothers constituting the firm of G. H. Desai and Co. and that suit was a suit not only against the surviving partners but as well against the assets of the deceased partner Chandraprasad and the plaintiff could not therefore go against the representatives of Chandraprasad in the present suit as the plaintiff's cause of action was extinguished on the other hand it had been argued for the plaintiff that the only persons sued in that suit were Luxmiprasad and Yeshwantprasad. In his Lordship's opinion the record of that suit made it abundantly clear that that suit was also a suit against the estate of Chandraprasad. That suit having been compromised and the right against Chandraprasad's estate not being expressly reserved, his Lordship held that no right then subsisted to the plaintiff to bring the present suit against the representatives of Chandraprasad. Further, even assuming that the suit 1502 of 1914 was against the surviving partners of G. H. Desai and Co. alone, still, having regard to Section 43 of the Contract Act and the recent decision of Macleod J. (19 Bom. L. R. p. 471) the present suit against the representatives of the deceased Chandraprasad would not be maintainable.

Further, it seemed to his Lordship that the plaintiff having surrendered the earlier note of 15th February 1912 for cancellation and accepted in lieu thereof a receipt or note by the two surviving partners on the 27th April 1914, the plaintiff's claim or right against the estate of Chandraprasad was extinguished or released and that constituted what was known as Novatio. Sec. 62 of the Contract Act dealt with that question. It was a settled law that when a creditor of a firm contracted or agreed with a new firm to take their security in discharge of that of the old the retiring partner was discharged from any liability to pay the debt but whether such a contract or agreement had or had not taken place was a question of fact. His Lordship then referred to and discussed the cases of In Re Head (1893 3 ch. 426), Harris and Farewell (15 Beav. 31) Thompson v. G. Percival (5 Baron and Adol. p. 925) and Scarf v. Jardine) (7 A. C. 351) and said that he had to consider in the present case whether the facts amounted to a discharge. On a detailed review of the facts his Lordship pointed out that the present were similar to those in Re Head (1894 2 Ch. 236) and came to the conclusion that there was enough evidence of intention on the part of the plaintiff to discharge or relinquish the estate of Chandraprasad by accepting the new note from the surviving partners and that the present case was a clear case of Novatio. In the result the plaintiff's suit was dismissed with costs.

Solicitors for the plaintiff: Craigie Blunt and Caroe.

Solicitors for the defendants: Bhaishankar, Kanga and Girdharlal.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR TUESDAY, THE 18TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1917.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI.

In the Division Court No. 43.

AFTER THE INSOLVENCY COURT WORK IS OVER.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL SHORT CAUSES,

1209-16—Craigie B and C, Moro Ramchandra Deo v Vishwanath Vinayick Pathak, Judah and Solomon.

784-17—Amin and Desai, Gursampa Girvapa Patampoli v Parsharam Balaji Metras.

856-17—Amin and Desai, Bai Fatmabai v Memon Abdulla Haji Noor Mahomed, Patell and Ezekiel.

857-17—Amin and Desai, Bai Fatmabai v Memon Haji Tar Mohomed Haji Noor Mahomed, Patell and Ezekiel.

1190-14—Tyabji D and Co, Jotram Kedarnath a firm v Moharsing Ghasiram and ors, Mulla and Murla.

92-16—Bhai K and Gir, The Pioneer Bank Ltd (in liquidation) v C B Mehta and Co a firm and anr.

54-17—Tyabji D and Co, Binoderam Balchand a firm v Gopaldas Manumal a firm.

368-17—Unwalla P and P, Haji Abu Haji Nur Mahomed Cassum v Lalji Morarji & ors, Shamrao M and H.

400-17—Payne and Co, Compagnie Generale do Phonographis Cinemato Graphis et Appursites de Presesion a Co v Ardesir C Patel.

464-17—Soonderdas and Co, Messrs Amrangi Jethaji a firm v Sankerlal Goolabchand and ors, Dikshit D and P.

570-17—Tyabji D and Co, Nikaram Parmanandas a firm v Charandas son of Sohna Shah and ors.

687-17—Craw B and Co, Narayen Pandurang Salkar v Balkrishna Mahadeo Seth Parkar and ors, Bhimji and Co.

714-17—Motichand and D, Virbai widow v Govindji Harsey, Mulla and Mulla.

874-17—Bhimji and Co, Shrinivasdas Sitaram Bavri v Ramrattan Badrinarayen a firm.

862-17—Amin and Desai, Bhogilal Amratlal a firm v Shah Gulabchand Pitambordas, Purnanand and Co.

865-17—Bhai K and Gir, Ramchandra Mancharam a firm v Ramkaran Jagannath a firm.

866-17—Bhai K and Gir, Ramchandra Mancharam a firm v Manmal Amulakhchand.

873-17—Khumbatta and Co, Natha Gulab and Co a firm v Tom Brewin and anr.

897-17—Mulla and Mulla, Hyderbhai Husseinbhai v Genaji Venaji and anr.

899-17—Surajmal and Co, Seth Gordhandas Purshotamdas and ors, Jivatlal Partabsi and anr.

917-17—Motichand and D, Radhavalabh Shivkaran v Kissonchand Jeetmal.

928-17—Tyabji D and Co, Bai Amratbai widow v Dwarkadas Jinabhai.

936-17—Little and Co, Govind Dharmaji Mahatre v Chandu Gavru Bhagat, Judah and Solomon.

931-17—Jehangir M and S Nowla Doonga and Co a firm v Jehangir Nowroji Mithaiwalla, Patell and Ezekiel.

954-17—Surajmal and Co, Seth Gordhandas Purshotamdas and anr v Shah Vadilal Kalidas.

963-17—Mulji and Tha, Ladhabhai Sunderlal v Vithal Mavji and anr.

963-17—Daphtary F and D, Kondaji Bapuji v Shankersing Navrangsing Pardeshi.

978-17—Purnanand and Co, Ambalal Sankalchand v B K Vora and Sons a firm, Shroff and Dinshaw.

UNDEFENDED NEW LONG CAUSES.

672-17—Payne and Co, Gurmukhrai Sukhanand a firm v Ramkaran Rambillas a firm.

628-17—Sabnis and Gore, Louis Dooming Nakhwa v Damaji Dooming Nakhwa and ors.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSES

609-16—Hiralal and Co, Mangaldas Ramdas v Ichhalal Jugmohundas and ors, Payne and Co, In person, Part heard.

1249-14—Madh K and Ch, Bai Gangabai widow v Ludha Dossa and ors, Edg G W and Co, Dastur and Co, Little and Co, Sham M and H.

725-17—Malvi M R and Co, Kasturchand Sadasukh v Balkisson Hardayal and anr, Khandvalla and Co.

426-16—Sham M and H, Jugmohundas Vandravandas v The Ahmedabad Fine Spg and Wvg Co Ltd (in liquidation) Madh K and Ch.

356-17—Motichand and D, Dada Haji Essak v Manchershaw Nusserwanji Chandabhai, Nanu H and Co.

445-15—Madh K and Ch, Lachmandas Multanmal v Hursey Devraj and anr, Motichand and D.

S C Ct 678/24898-16—Merwanji K and Co, Phiroze C Mistry v The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Ltd, Crawford B and Co.

S C Ct 679/24899-16—Merwanji K and Co, Phiroze C Mistry v The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Ltd, Crawford B and Co.

BEFORE THE PROTHONOTARY IN HIS OFFICE.

FOR INVESTIGATION OF PAUPERISM.

P P No 12-16, S N 659-16—Bhimji and Co for a pauper, Maneckbai widow v Ramabai widow and anr, Tyabji D and Co.

P P No 14-17, S N 693-17—In person, Lachmidam Kaul v Girdhari Mohun Kaul, Craigie B and Co.

P P No 15-17—In person, Fakir Mahomed Ismail Abdul v Fakir Mahomed Aptaykes, Vachha and Co.

INQUEST ON A MOTOR FATALITY.

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest at the Coroner's Court, yesterday, touching the death of Isherwnath Shunker nath, a mendicant. At 9 p.m., on the 12th instant the deceased came out of a "dharamsala" at Madhav Bag and was crossing the road in front of a tram car, which had just started from the C. P. Tank terminus to go to Jacob's Circle, when he was knocked down and the life-guard struck him. The car was at once stopped, and the deceased removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he develoned septicaemia and died yesterday. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

THE KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the Students' literary and debating circle of the Kanara Saraswat Association, Prof. P. A. Wadia will deliver a lecture on "Greek Ideals in the Light of Greek Tragedy" to-morrow at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Prarthana Samaj Hall. The Rev. Dr. Scott will preside. The lecture is open to the public.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

On Thursday the 13th instant, before the Bench of Honorary Presidency Magistrates presided over by Mr. C. B. Robinson at the Esplanade Police Court, Agent No. 16 of the B. S. P. C. A., charged Bala Hari with carrying a fowl in a basket with its head and other parts crushed under food stuff.

The Magistrates warned and discharged the accused.

"POLICE CUSTODY PENDING ENQUIRY."

AN OBJECTIONABLE PRACTICE.

MAGISTRATE'S WARNING.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before the Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Deputy Inspector Mr. W. J. Fergusson of the Paltan Road Police Station, applied to the magistrate that the two accused Killa Kola and Rama Zala, who were remanded in police custody by the magistrate pending inquiry be discharged as there was no evidence against them of committing theft in respect of a box of ornaments.

Mr. B. H. Daruvala, pleader, who appeared for the accused, brought it to the notice of the Court that though an application for discharge of the accused, was made to the Court, the accused were not released on bail which the Inspector should have done under section 107, clause 2, of the Bombay City Police Act.

On inquiry from the magistrate the Inspector stated that he finished his inquiries last evening.

The Court: Then why did you not release the accused immediately? Do you think you were right in keeping them in custody till now?

Mr. Fergusson then stated that he finished his inquiries only that morning at 9.

The magistrate again inquired why he did not release them at 9 a.m.

Mr. Fergusson stated that it was a matter of a couple of hours only.

Mr. Daruvala urged that the police were under a wrong impression that in non-bailable cases the accused should not be released on bail till the inquiries were finished. That was not the spirit of section 107, clause 2, of the City Police Act. The section read that at any stage of the investigation if it appears to the officer that there are not reasonable grounds for believing that the accused has committed such offence, but that there are sufficient grounds for further inquiry into the guilt of the accused, the accused "shall," pending such inquiry, be released on bail, etc.

The magistrate discharged the accused and expressed a hope that such conduct would not be repeated in future, and that he believed the word of the Inspector that the inquiries were finished only that morning.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON POLICEMAN.

ACCUSED CROSSEXAMINES SUB-INSPECTOR.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon Sub-Inspector Kirtiraj charged Anthony Moniz, an Insurance Broker with assaulting, Abdul Jaffer Abdul Sattar P. C. No. 2646E, in order to deter him from discharging his duty.

The facts of the case as set forth by the complainant are that on the 5th August, he was on duty at the junction of Sankhli Street. At 10 p.m. a European lady and gentleman came to the gharry stand in a gharry, and the driver told them that his horse was tired and asked them to engage another gharry; there was an altercation between the driver and the fare. The complainant told the gharrywalla to take the fare as he was only going as far as the Parsi Statue. He drove on for ten paces and shouted out that he was being assaulted. The complainant ran up and saw the woman in the gharry standing. As there was an altercation and a crowd had collected the complainant wanted to take them to the Police Station, and he stood on the step of the gharry. Sub-inspector Peppin came up and he was told all that had happened, and Peppin began speaking to the man in the gharry. The accused came up in the meantime and asked the complainant what had happened; he then caught him (the complainant) and pulled him down from the step of the gharry; the accused took the whip of the driver and whipped the complainant twice; he raised the whip a third time when Peppin caught him and sent for a gharry. The accused tried to escape when he was being put into the gharry; he had to be forced into the gharry.

ACCUSED'S STATEMENT.

The accused stated that he was waiting for a tram car and he saw a gharry passing with a lady and a gentleman, and a police sepoy. The sepoy got out and the gharry started in the direction of the Parsi Statue. When it had gone a few paces the accused saw the woman standing up and shaking the driver; the gharrywalla cried out "beaten, beaten." There was a crowd, and the accused went up to them and offered to settle the matter if it was only about the fare. In the meantime Peppin came up in civilian clothes and asked the accused "Who the devil are you?" The accused said "Who are you," and Peppin continued abusing him by calling him a "bastard." "Sala Bhanchod" and said "Why do you come to interfere with us." The accused said he would report him to the Commissioner of Police and Peppin said "Damn your card and damn Wilson and the Commissioner." He asked him (Peppin) not to abuse him, but Peppin said he would arrest him; Peppin then turned upon him "like a lion, and a tiger" and held him by the neck shouting at the same for the sepoy to "pakrao" him. He was then forced into the gharry by another two policemen, although no resistance was offered, and Peppin continued abusing him; Peppin also slapped him, and he seemed to be under the influence of liquor. He pleaded not guilty.

Sub-inspector Peppin was cross-examined by the accused at some length, and the case was adjourned.

CRIMINAL ASSAULT ON A WOMAN.

ACCUSED SENTENCED TO 4 MONTHS.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon, Gurdatsingh Kisansingh, a Sikh fitter in the G. I. P. Railway was charged with criminal assault on Maktabai, a Hindu woman on 15th September at Dadar Road.

The complainant Maktabai who is a married woman was going to the bazar on Saturday the 15th at 5 p.m., when the accused came up in front of her; she turned to avoid him, but he caught her by both her arms. She was rescued by the people around her.

The accused pleaded not guilty; he said he fell down and his hands touched the complainant's feet.

The Magistrate disbelieved the accused's story and sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

CONGRESS PRESIDENTSHIP.

THE ALL-INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—From the statement published by the leaders of both the parties in Calcutta, it must be plain to any impartial observer that there has not been a valid reference by the Reception Committee to the All-India Congress Committee, regarding the election of the President of the next Congress. Yet it seems probable that the All-India Congress Committee, constituted as it is at present, will not be unwilling to take up the question for final decision. Mr. Subba Row, who is an anti-Besantist Moderate, is the working secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, and has already included the question of the presidential election in the agenda of the next meeting of the Committee to be held at Allahabad made to the 6th October. Under these circumstances it is but necessary that the public in the different provinces should be alert and should not fail to let the President of the All-India Congress Committee meeting know their feelings in the matter. Telegrams from representative bodies like the District Congress Committees, the Home Rule leagues and the like, should reach the president on the day of the meeting, clearly intimating that they do not want any person other than Mrs. Besant to preside over the Congress this year. If this is done I am confident that the intrigues of the anti-Besantist section of our leaders will not have any chance of success.

One word before I conclude, about those who represent this Presidency on the All-India Congress Committee. It goes without saying that the majority of them are anti-Besantists and if my information is correct they are pledged to see that Mrs. Besant is not elected to the presidential chair of the Congress this year. I am told that some of them are prepared to accept even Mr. Tilak in preference to her. We know our friends too well to have any misgivings about how they would act if left to themselves. We must therefore lose no time in warning them individually that if they would vote against Mrs. Besant's election at the Allahabad meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, notwithstanding the decision of the Provincial Congress Committee in her favour, they would be failing in their duty to represent the public opinion in this province and would deserve to be ousted from their position of trust, at the election by the Provincial Congress Committee. I expect that such a warning from representative public associations will have beneficial effect on at least some of our representatives on the All-India Congress Committee and therefore hope that such representation will be sent to them before long.—Yours, etc.,

R. N. MANDLIK.

Girgaum, Sept. 17.

NEW MEMBERS OF THE HOME RULE LEAGUE (BOMBAY BRANCH).

The following have joined the Home Rule League, Bombay Branch:—

Messrs. Padamsi Bhanji, B. Navroji Italia, Shankerlal Hirachand, Chhotalal Govindlal, Raichand Khimchand, Maniklal Hiralal, Fulchand Umidbhai, Nanchand Motichand Modi, Harilal Pragji Shah, Vrajlal Kuberdas, Raghavji Tokershi, Mohanlal K. Shah, Meghji Chatrabhuj, Uttamchand Ravji, Tejshi Mulchand, Devji Bhanji, Vishnuram Ambaram, Vishnuram Tribhovan, Chhaganlal Khimji, H. C. Hemdev, Hargovandas N. Bhatt, Dwarkanath Yeshwant Godambe, Dattaram Kapur, Pranlal S. Thakkar, D. Hansukhroy, Govindji Bhavanishanker and a few others.

HOME RULE LECTURE.

The 33rd lecture under the joint auspices of the Bombay branches of the Home Rule Leagues will be delivered in Gujarati by Mr. Chandrashankar N. Pandya, on "Home Rule Agitation," on Wednesday, the 19th instant, at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Mr. Ismailbhai Virji's Building, corner of Khoja Lane, Mandvi. Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas will preside.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENT.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

For the second time the Howitt-Phillips Company presented Vachell's fine play "The Case of Lady Camber" at the Royal Opera House last night, in the presence of a large audience. The piece went very well and was much applauded. The forthcoming days will see several more of the Company's established successes on the stage to-morrow's matinee performance of "Tiger's Cub" being specially noteworthy.

At 6-45 to-day, Thursday and Friday an excellent programme of pictures is being screened. "Desperation" is a fine drama from the book by Temple Thurston, with Miss Elizabeth Risdon in the leading role.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

The grand triple attraction at the Palace of Varieties (Gaiety and Edwardes theatres) continues to draw crowded houses and last night again the programme was played before full houses. Signor O'Bugattia, the famous Italian singer, appeared in a number of fine songs from well-known Italian Operas, and was loudly applauded. Stillwell, the master magician, assisted by Mddle. Elsie, presented "Laughing Magic" and subsequently presented a most wonderful illusion called "The Great Mail Bag Escape." The third great attraction last night was the fine singing and dancing of the talented artistes of the Weatherley Surprise Party. The charming and clever singer La Petite Zilla gave some more fine songs from her extensive repertoire, including a screamingly funny topical song called "the Ragtime Dhobi Man." This song which is written and composed by Charles Weatherley proved a big success and was repeatedly encored. Miss Xaida Stella sang with great effect "take me where the ere are no ere- about" and other songs. Miss Queenie Lloyd scored another big success with her fine rendering of "They called it Dixie Land" and "Kelly," the latter especially being most enthusiastically received. The programme concluded with a side-splitting, funny sketch called "Wot 'Cher," in which the Weatherley Surprise Party kept the audience in continued roars of laughter with their humorous songs and dialogues.

Official and Personal

His Excellency attended Parade Service at All Saints Church, Kirkee on Sunday morning.

His Excellency took tea with Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson on Sunday afternoon.

The engagement of the eldest son of his Highness the Maharaja of Kolhapur with the grand daughter of his Highness the Gaekwad of Baroda is announced.

Mr. Gandhi arrived at Poona on Monday morning from Madras. He leaves Poona for Champaran on Tuesday.

VACCINATION AND LIBERTY OF CONSCIENCE.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

I always feel a strong repulsion to seeing the clear pure skin of a child made to break out into pustules . . . I dislike the idea of its (vaccination) being compulsory. I don't like the notion of the State stepping in between parent and child when it is not absolutely necessary. The State is generally a very bad nurse".—Mr. Gladstone.

Sir,—I beg to invite public attention to the following from "India" to hand by last mail:—

"Mr. Snowdon asked the Secretary of State for India whether he would arrange for some machinery to be set up in India whereby genuine objectors to vaccination could be exempted from the provisions of the compulsory law, as in England, Scotland and Wales, and injustice and consequent soreness be avoided."

"Mr. Pratt, who replied, said:—

"The Secretary of State will refer the hon. member's question to the Government of India for their consideration."

It is time the Indian Government translated into law Mr. Snowdon's suggestion. Vaccination ought not to be compulsory but voluntary. What right has one person to say to another:—"I think such a course is wise, and for my good; you must think the same, and do the same. If you can't "think" it, at least you shall "do" it; and if you don't do it of your own accord, I will "make" you do it by force or fine and imprison you till you do?" And yet this is what the doctors have done and are doing, through the law; for, it was through their representations—or, rather, I should say, misrepresentations,—that the compulsory law was passed and is now maintained. And, bear in mind, that the matter is one in respect to which the doctors are not even agreed among themselves: for, some of them,—and eminent men, too—are strongly opposed to vaccination.

And what right has that law, or any law, to step between me and my child to do violence to my dearest instincts, and force me to do what I believe to be fatal to its health and happiness? God has given me the child and made me its natural guardian and protector. I alone am responsible in His sight for the bringing up of that child. No one must take it out of my hands. It is a talent entrusted to me, and I cannot allow another to rob me of it. I lose all my independence and dignity as a human being and my parental tenderness receives a mortal wound, if another can come and take my child from my arms against my will, and do to it what my whole nature abhors, and what I believe to be a deadly injury.

We shall never have an end of smallpox until we have an end of pestilential areas which abound in our midst. It is filth which leads to smallpox and spreads it. Let us strike the evil at the fountain-head. How can a child fresh from its Maker endanger the public health? What an insult to the Almighty. What a reflection on His work!—Yours, etc.,

E. P. E.

Bombay, Sept. 13.

MODERN HOSPITALS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Having learnt sometime back through your columns of the bequest of 64 lakhs in charity by Sir Har Kishandas Narottamdas and his lady for a general hospital for the Hindus, I make bold to suggest to the trustees of the above fund that this princely donation might be utilized for founding an up-to-date Hydropathic or Nature Cure Institution on a large scale. This system of treatment is the most scientific and economical, it is entirely congenial to the tastes, traditions and customs of the Hindus, and at the same time it stands unrivalled as yet in point of success. The method of healing diseases by medicines and operations is now fast going into disrepute in Europe and America where the people as well as the most enlightened members of the medical profession have long ago lost their faith in Allopathy, the system of recognised quackery. The result of this great awakening is that lakhs, nay crores of rupees are now being spent in Germany and America to build Nature Cure Hospitals on an extensive scale. Dr. J. H. Kellogg raised no less than 25 crores of rupees by public subscription for building and equipping the greatest Nature Cure Home in America. Enlightened medical opinion is openly condemning the so called medical science and is coming more and more to depend on Mother Nature and the elements for the eradication of human ailments. No less a man than Edison, America's great scientist declared that medicine is a failure, Professor Schewinger, Prince Bismarck's physician, declared that "nobody now believes in medical prescriptions except the chemist, for his faith in his income."

During the last century, great and immortal persons were born in Europe who worked miracles and formulated the system of Nature Cure. King Edward, Prince Bismarck, Lord Tennyson, Lord Lytton and a host of other distinguished notabilities of the world have followed this method with splendid results. In our own Mother country, I might mention the names of Mr. M. K. Gandhi, Sir K. Seshadri Iyer, Sir S. Subrahmanya Iyer, the Hon. Sir Raja Rampal Singh etc., etc.

The Western System of Allopathy is based on the most un-Hindu and barbarous practices of vivisection and vaccination and in spite of its extreme costliness it has been found the most inefficacious. Diseases like syphilis, asthma, diabetes, etc. etc. etc. still defy medical skill, diseases which have yielded to Nature Cure as I have been able to demonstrate in hundreds of cases.

In spite of spending all this sum of 64 lakhs for an allopathic hospital, it will be found that only twenty beds can be provided for and that a large number of patients suffering from so-called incurable diseases will have to go disappointed. Besides, no middle class or upper class Hindu would care to step into such a hospital under ordinary circumstances.

If, however, this sum is spent for a Nature Cure Institution, we can have a most magnificent building in which we shall be able to accommodate and treat "with the greatest success 200 in-patients at a time." Patients will resort to this Nature Cure Home from all parts of India, the worst and most terrible diseases can be cured, and in the course of ten years the fame of the cures effected will make this institution a very marvel of philanthropy, worth several lakhs of rupees, able to challenge in size and usefulness any of the existing hospital of Bombay and ever attracting more and more sympathy and help from all the leading Hindus of India.

I would, therefore, most respectfully urge this great and pioneer step on the attention of the enlightened trustees of Sir Har Kishandas Narottamdas charities who will thus be remembered by posterity as well as by the present generation of suffering Hindus with gratitude and veneration.—Yours, etc.

G. V. KRISHNARAO.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We receive daily a vast number of letter and articles for publication. Correspondent will, therefore, understand that it is quite impossible to enter into any discussio regarding the merits or claims of thei contributions in case of non-publication, except in very exceptional circumstances. If a stamped and addressed envelope enclosed for return of M. S. S. in case of rejection, care will be taken to return the same, but not otherwise; and in no case can the Editor hold himself responsible for the safety or return of rejected M. S. S. If it is thought necessary to communicate with the writer of any contribution he will be answered in this column. Letters enquiring why M. S. S. have been rejected will be ignored and persons calling to discuss the same will not be seen.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Tuesday, September 18, 1917.

WAR MEMORIALS IN INDIA.

Had the Indian Government introduced a wise scheme for recruiting all classes of Indians for the Army in the early stages of the war, it is certain that large numbers of men not belonging to the so-called military classes would have volunteered for service. But this was not done and it is now recognised that a great opportunity was missed. The loyalty of the Indian people was shown in the keen interest they showed in the part taken by the Indian regiments in the various war theatres, and their moral support of the Government in the great struggle against Prussian autocracy. Never before in the history of the relations between the British and the Indians has there been such a keen desire on the part of the latter to render whatever aid was in their power to contribute to the great struggle. On previous occasions Indian troops have been called upon to render service to the Empire in wars outside of India but it cannot be said that these in any way roused the interest or gained the support of the Indians as a whole. But in the present crisis they feel they have an intimate share and they are intensely keen to see the representatives of their country in the Army rendering a valiant and adequate service for the Empire. The reports of the various commanders on the behaviour of the Indian forces under their command and of the cases of individual bravery are welcomed by all classes, and it is felt by all that suitable war memorials should be erected to commemorate their part in the struggle.

There is a considerable number of war memorials in India, commemorating victories from time immemorial to within comparatively recent years. In connection with the Mutiny and other war campaigns the British Government have erected memorials, and while as a rule these represent not only the bravery of British troops but also of their Indian Allies, it must be confessed that, generally speaking, they are not looked upon with pride by Indians. This is easy to understand. In all the wars that have taken place in India it has been a struggle in which the forces under the British command have been opposed to Indian troops of one class or another, and these memorials must always convey to the Indian a sense of defeat. But in the case of the present war every Indian will feel that every victory won is a cause for rejoicing, and whatever form the memorials may take, they will serve to show that India was ready in the dark days of the Empire to take her share in the sacrifice demanded, and that side by side with their British comrades Indians fought and died. In dealing with the question of suitable memorials the greatest care requires to be taken, and a serious effort should be made to raise only such memorials as will adequately and with dignity witness to the brave deeds of the Indian Army—whether composed of British or Indian troops. It cannot be said that nations in the past have been particularly fortunate in their attempts to raise suitable memorials, but there is every reason to believe that the authorities are determined that neither thought nor money shall be spared to guard against a repetition of these past failures.

In India we find many striking war memorials, which, even after the lapse of so many years, are still worthy memorials of great victories won by Indian rulers. Here and there are still to be found the well carved *veera-kallus* which mark out battle-fields almost frogotten in history, and they serve to show the passionate loyalty that inspired these old warriors to take up their swords on behalf of their rulers against their oppressors. But the great rulers of the North, the Mughal kings, and the Rajput rulers have left behind very striking memorials of their victories. Visitors to the wonderful ruined Fort of Chitor will remember the great Tower of Victory erected by one of the Rajput rulers to commemorate his victory over a neighbouring prince. It is a striking building with great architectural merit, and is probably the finest memorial extant in India. Every victory of note was commemorated in some way or other, either by a massive tower, or a great gateway, or a handsome platform. The Mughal rulers were almost as keen to erect suitable memorials of their victories on the field of battle as they were to provide for themselves mausoleums of deathless beauty and grandeur. From an architectural point of view, it may be said that India has been greatly enriched by the work of these rulers who were desirous less of perpetuating the memory of the prowess of their brave soldiers than of their own glory, and every care ought to be taken for their preservation. But the memorials which will be raised on the conclusion of this war will be of quite another character and will certainly have for their object the perpetuation of the brave deeds performed not by kings but by officers and men of all ranks.

There will naturally be great difference of opinion as to the underlying object of these memorials. Shall they be purely commemorative or utilitarian? In these days there is a growing tendency to condemn everything which has not some utilitarian object in view, and with this view we have a measure of sympathy. But this does not in any way preclude the erection of war memorials which have for their sole object the commemoration of the brave deeds of our soldiers, and it would be a great pity if the people of India should oppose any great scheme which made utilitarian objects very secondary. There is, of course, no reason why large sums of money should be expended on show-places which cannot be put to any practical use, but if the Government of India should decide upon erecting some worthy memorial in one or more large cities, it ought not to be insisted on that the practical use of the structure should be the paramount consideration. There is room for a limited number of such memorials. On the other hand, it cannot be too strongly urged that the memory of the brave men who have fallen is honoured no less by the memorials which have for their object the advancement of those sacred causes for which they have died. In England plans are already being formed for such memorials, and in a few instances the schemes are already well in hand. Reference need only be made to the excellent schemes already inaugurated in memory of Generals Roberts and Kitchener, schemes which have for their object the care of the wounded soldiers and their families. Favourable consideration is being given to schemes which seek to improve the educational facilities of all classes in England, and without doubt many local authorities will be keen on this form of war memorials. In India there has been little said up to the present as to suitable memorials, but we have no doubt that the leaders of Indian thought as well as the rulers of Indian States who have contributed so magnificently to the Empire's needs will insist that something worthy shall be done. Proposals for some central building in England have been canvassed, and when these schemes materialise, it will be imperative that the contributions made by every part are adequately represented. But each part of the Empire will demand its own memorials, and India must not lag behind in this matter.

Already something has been done in the way of private war memorials. Several large firms, and companies, have erected tablets on which are inscribed the names of the men in association with them that have fallen. It is natural that friends and relatives should seek to erect memorials with as little delay as possible, but unless this is guarded againt there will be a multiplication of unsatisfactory memorials. The war is not yet over and it is impossible to tell how great will be the ultimate toll of the fallen. The number of names that must find a place must regulate the size and design to some extent, and public authorities will be well advised not to be in too great a hurry in inaugurating such schemes. Very few of the memorials in India erected during the past century have been the work of Indian sculptors. Their past history shows that the memorials they have erected have been worthy of the great deeds of their rulers, and there is no reason to believe that all India's talent is dead. There is no need that the war memorials of the present shall consist of battle scenes such as have usually found a place on British memorials, and the Indian artist and sculptor should have an opportunity of proving his worth. But if he is to represent the wonderful spirit which has inspired not only the soldiers who have given their lives but the whole country's desire for the attainment of those objects for which the war is being fought, he must have caught a measure of that same inspiration. Very little has been written on this subject up to the present, but it is a matter which the authorities as well as private individuals should keep in mind, and steps should be taken to prepare the ground, so that when the nation is free to give its thought more fully to the question, there will be no unnecessary delay or inadequately thought-out schemes.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

If would seem from the fact that three out of the seven members of the Calcutta University Commission are men distinguished in one field or another of science that the Government of India attach some importance to the scientific side of University education. If there is one side of University life more than another which has been woefully neglected in the past, it is the scientific. In recent years an insignificantly disproportionate attempt has been made to bring science practically into line with the great needs of the country. Research institutions have been started and more facilities are provided to University students carrying on research work. But the greatest desideration hitherto experienced has been the utter lack of co-ordination between science and industry. Even in England, where modern University education occupied a highly advanced position, it had been almost altogether neglected, and it needed the present war to demonstrate to the allied countries the incredible extent of their dependence for some of the commonest commercial products on Germany. A vigorous attempt is now being made in England to make up the great lee-way as fast as possible and the British Dyes, Ltd., affords a practical illustration of what can be achieved when there is a strong and enlightened public opinion behind any particular movement. Of course, India affords in this respect a pitiable contrast to England by reason of the quiescent attitude of the Government. In England, it is noteworthy, not even the preoccupations of the war have prevented an awakening of active public interest in place of past indifference in the successful building-up of industries, the "key industries" in particular. It has been recognized that unless science becomes the handmaid of industry, no real progress in this direction can be achieved. Accordingly, the best British brains are at work in devising a means whereby the deficiencies of scientific education can be overcome without any appreciable loss of time. The Roscoe Memorial scheme, for instance, is intended to serve as the means of enabling students on a vast scale to pursue scientific research at recognized institutions. Nor is this confined to the actual processes of scientific industry. Considerable interest is being also taken to obtain scientific management for it. The authorities of the Manchester Textile Institute and the School of Technology are at present busily engaged in the discussion of how best to secure instruction in the principles of scientific management at the Universities. It is rightly felt that the scientific management of industry is essentially an educational problem, and emphasis is being laid on "the human element" in such management as having paramount value. We venture to think that the Education Department of the Government of India is closely watching the great developments in other countries, with a view to assimilating eventually such development into Indian education. We hope we are not wrong in our inference that the inclusion of such great scientists as Dr. Gregory, Mr. Hartog and Dr. Zia-ud-Din Ahmed in the Commission is a practical illustration of the recognition of science as a great national asset in University education. We should have very much wished that the terms of reference contained a specific injunction to the Commission to inquire into that aspect which bears directly on the best methods of co-ordinating science and industry. This would have been to the great advantage of the country. It is not yet too late to rectify this important omission, and we trust it will be done before the Commission meets early in November.

Notes of the Day.

The Russian Republic.

The predominant Russian news to-day, of course, is the announcement that the Government has proclaimed Russia a Republic. This is a most satisfactory decision, and should go far to help in the restoration of order and unity among her distracted population. The clouds have not yet cleared away, but every day that passes, while it brings its tale of factions mutually engaged in violent strife, also brings proof of the undaunted resolve and sagacious statesmanship of M. Kerensky. Almost anyone else, one feels, would ere now have succumbed to the formidable and intricate difficulties with which he is so splendidly grappling. Simultaneously with the proclamation of Russia as a Republic, comes the announcement that a War Cabinet of five has been formed. The utility of this step should be great at this time. Apart from bringing Russia into line with her Allies in a vital respect, this concentration of power in the hands of a few competent persons should lead to efficiency in the work of controlling the nation's external as well as internal affairs.

Korniloff's Collapse.

In the manifesto which the Russian Government have issued, announcing the establishment of a Republic, they say that although General Korniloff's revolt has been suppressed, "the State is still threatened with mortal danger." The real danger of Korniloff's defection lay less in his personal motives or ambition than in the fact that his revolt was sure to be seized as a suitable opportunity for the reactionaries and anti-Revolutionaries to be-tir themselves. The nation was swift to perceive this and, notwithstanding the considerable cleavage that already existed within its ranks, rendered invaluable moral support to M. Kerensky in the firm stand he took against the adventurer masquerading as super-patriot. If it were not for this perhaps General Alexieff would have less relished his task of arresting Korniloff and for that matter the latter himself would in all probability have not submitted so tamely after essaying so tremendous a challenge. The sober patriotism which animates the Russian Government is well shown in the statement that no revengeful measures are contemplated against General Korniloff, and that he will be given every facility for his defence.

Mrs. Besant

A tantalising uncertainty continues to cover the intentions of the Government regarding Mrs. Besant. While rumours and private reports have been in circulation all over the country of her release together with that of Messrs. Arundale and Wadia, official confirmation is lacking. The very last news received by us before going to press is an Associated Press telegram from Madras despatched at 5 p.m. yesterday, saying that upto that time no authentic information had been received there regarding the release of Mrs. Besant. This is confirmed by another message we have had from Coimbatore which states that the inmates have not received any release order. It would be hardly possible to exaggerate the unfortunate effect which all this gratuitous mystery is having on the public mind. The Government of India have declared their intentions sufficiently clearly as well as authoritatively, and the public are at a loss to account for the sudden cramp which seems to have interfered with the fruition of those intentions. Speculation is rife, as was inevitable, and we fear that continued vacillation may lead to most unfortunate reaction. It seems incredible that the Government should not be alive to the importance of avoiding a suggestion of this kind of unpleasant indecision in a matter of such widespread and acute public interest. Will they never learn to do the right thing gracefully and generously?

"The White Brahmans."

We reproduced in our issue of Saturday last, a most interesting contribution entitled "Sidelights on the Indian Bureaucracy" which appeared in mail week in the "National Weekly." The "National Weekly" is perhaps the ablest and most vigorous journal that has come into existence since the war. It combines courage with a truly national outlook and a fresh view-point. Commenting on the article our contemporary wrote:

"What happens to Mrs. Besant and her colleagues may not seem of great importance—they are but individuals—but it is of importance that the British people should understand that these persecutions must mean in the eyes of the world that Great Britain will fight to put down tyranny in foreign lands, but at the same time allows tyranny to flourish in lands under her control. Therefore all who care for the fair name of Britain, all lovers of freedom, all who wish the British Empire to become a Commonwealth of Free Nations must join with us in demanding the immediate release of Mrs. Besant and her colleagues. Meanwhile Bureaucracy is rampant in India. To what extent our White Brahmans are corrupted by the spirit of Caste—to what lengths they are prepared to go—to what depths they are capable of sinking—of all this the experiences of another British lady which we print to-day give a sufficiently pungent idea. The Indian Bureaucracy stands condemned by the unanimous verdict of public opinion."

The Jewish Regiment.

The announcement is made by P[illegible] that a Jewish regiment has been ed with headquarters in London camp in the South of England and voluntary applications are flowing in throughout the United Kingdom and special concessions are granted by the War Office. The announcement would hav been even more interesting if Reuter had added what appears from the mail papers to be the arrangement, that the regiment is for employment with the Palestine Expedition. In this connection it may be recalled that a mule transport section composed of Jews from Palestine did good service in Egypt and Syria, and was known as the Zionist Corps. Many members of this Corps fell in the fighting, and the remainder will probably be attached to this new regiment.

A Million Pensioners.

The statement made by Mr. Hodge, Minister of Pensions that there are nearly a million pensioners on the books of the Pension Ministry and that the numbers are increasing by hundreds weekly, is not surprising. But it is important inasmuch as it should bring home to the minds of those who have not yet realised the magnitude of the war and the sacrifices of manhood that Britain has made, both in the character of the war and the extent of the sacrifices. Mr. Hodge is also stated to have asked the Treasury for money to establish a national experimental laboratory to secure the best artificial limbs. That touches on the great and insistent problem of the disabled soldier in the solution of which the most up-to-date scientific skill and ingenuity must be brought to bear. For in proportion as that is done, will the disabled soldier be enabled to feel his loss the less and to make a living for himself with greater ease.

TRAGEDY IN A CALCUTTA HOUSE.

EUROPEAN LAD STABBED TO DEATH AND MOTHER ALSO STABBED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

On Saturday night the Calcutta police found a European lad, D. Tomick, an apprentice in Messrs. Burn and Co., stabbed to death at the head of the staircase of his house. It appeared the deceased after retiring heard a knock at the door and went down to meet some persons downstairs. Hearing a scuffle the mother went to her son's help. Both the son and the mother were stabbed. The mother is in a precarious condition and the son died. Two Anglo-Indians were arrested on suspicion.

AMERICA'S AMAZING WAR EXPENEDITURE.

RUSSIA DECLARED A REPUBLIC.

WAR CABINET OF FIVE CONFIRMED.

DON COSSACKS REFUSE TO ARREST GEN. KALEDINE.

COSSACK'S DECLARATION OF SUPPORT TO GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 17.

The Government has proclaimed Russia a republic.

The formation of a war cabinet of five is confirmed officially.

The Council of the Don Cossacks has refused to obey the order of the Government to arrest General Kaledine on the ground that General Kaledine must attend the Cossack conference to-day to furnish explanations. The Council also passed a resolution protesting against the charge that the Cossacks have sympathies against the revolution and declaring that they have always supported the Government.

DUMA TO BE DISSOLVED.

PREPARATIONS AT MOSCOW TO ACCOMMODATE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

It is hoped that a proclamation regarding the republic will clear the air. It is expected that the next step will be the dissolution of the Duma. Preparations are being made at Moscow to accommodate Government officials in case of necessity.

MANIFESTO ON ESTABLISHMENT OF REPUBLIC.

"TO BUTTRESS THE SHAKEN FABRIC OF THE STATE."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 17.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

The Government has issued a strong manifesto announcing the establishment of a Republic. It says that General Korniloff's revolt has been suppressed but the State is still threatened by mortal danger. The Government has therefore decided to buttress the shaken fabric of the State by the foundation of a Republic. The first task of the Government will be to re-establish order in the State and to re-generate the fighting capacity of the army. With the co-operation of the whole living forces of the country the Government is confident of a speedy accomplishment of the task.

STUBBORN BATTLE ON PSKOV ROAD.

ENEMY REPULSED NEAR FOCSANI AND MERECHESCI.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 17.

A Russian wireless communiqué says, a stubborn battle is proceeding on the Pskov road in the region of the Zegevold farm. Our troops are showing great firmness and stability in repelling the enemy. They have also repulsed the attacks in the direction of Focsani and north-west of Merechesci.

ENEMY PUSH BEYOND RIGA LIKELY.

GEN. VALONIEFF WARNS TROOPS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 17.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

General Valonieff, commanding the Western front, in an army order warns the troops that he is reliably informed that the enemy, intoxicated by the success at Riga, is preparing to break through at Dvinsk and Minsk.

PROBABLE GERMAN NAVAL OFFENSIVE.

BALTIC FLEET WARNED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

A message from Admiral Vederevsky, Minister of Marine, has been telegraphed to the Baltic fleet warning them that a German naval offensive is highly probable.

GERMAN STATION BURNT DOWN.

HUGE DAMAGE TO ENEMY,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ZURICH, Sept. 16.
Recd. 9-10 p.m., Sept. 17.

A telegram from Constantinople says that the new railway station built by the Germans as the terminus of the Bagdad railway and two huge warehouses have been burned down. The damage is estimated at four million francs in value.

THREATENED FAMINE IN TURKESTAN.

COTTON PLANTERS DECIDE TO GROW CORN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

Cotton planters in Turkestan have decided to grow corn to avert a famine.

GENERAL KORNILOFF'S REVOLT.

GOVERNMENT NOT REVENGEFUL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 17.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

It is announced that the Government does not intend revengeful measures against General Korniloff who will be given every facility for his defence.

ATTEMPT ON GEN. LUDENDORFF'S LIFE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 17.

A "Civil and Military Gazette's" special cable says:—

The "Belgiseh Dagbald" affirms that the recent railway collision in which General Ludendorff was involved was not an accident, but an attempt on his life.

ITALIAN CAPTURE OF MONTE SAN GABRIELE.

AUSTRIANS' GREAT LOSSES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 17.

A "Civil and Military Gazette's" special cable says:—

The "Daily Telegraph's" Rome correspondent says:—The summit of Monte San Gabriele was captured on September 4th, lost at night but was recaptured the next day. Since then it has been strongly held.

The Austrians have employed 5 brigades in counter-attacks sacrificing innumerable men.

LANSA CATARINA WITHIN ITALIAN LINES.

The "Tribunal's" correspondent at the front says:—Lansa Catarina is now within the Italian lines with three enemy battalions on it.

"ABUSE OF SWEDEN'S GOOD FAITH."

FOREIGN MINISTER ASKS FOR EXPLANATIONS FROM GERMANY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

The Swedish Foreign Minister, in an interview with an American correspondent, declared that he had telegraphed on the 10th instant to the Swedish Minister in Berlin making strong representations against the abuse of Sweden's good faith and asking for explanations. Berlin had not yet replied.

TRAGEDY IN A RUSSIAN WARSHIP.

CREW SHOOT FOUR OFFICERS.

FOR REFUSIAL TO SIGN PLEDGE OF FIDELITY

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

HELSINGFORS, Sept. 17.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

The crew of the Russian warship Petropavlovsk shot four officers owing to their refusal to sign the pledge of fidelity to the Provisional Government. Subsequently the revolutionary committee sent a message condemning the action of the crew.

ENEMY RAID NEAR YPRES-COMINES CANAL.

SUCCESSFUL AIR RAID ON ENEMY ESTABLISHMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

A British communiqué says:—The enemy made a raid in the neighbourhood of the Ypres-Comines canal and eastward of Messines. A few of our men are missing. The enemy heavily bombarded us northward of Langemarck and his infantry attempted to advance but our counter-barrage prevented the attack from developing.

There was considerable cannonading in the Ypres sector.

Our aeroplanes co-operated with the artillery in spite of wind favouring the enemy and dropped three tons o two aerodromes east of Courtrai, the aerodrome and munition dump north-east of Cambrai, and on billets and hutments. We brought down six enemy machines and drove down two others. Four of ours are missing.

ENEMY ADMISSION.

GERMAN COMMUNIQUE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 9-10 p.m., Sept. 17.

A wireless German official communiqué says:—

North of the Menin-Ypres road the English forced our foremost trenches over a breadth held by a company.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH RAIDS NEAR EPEHY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 9-10 p.m., Sept. 17.

Field-Marshal Haig's communiqué this afternoon says that we made successful raids east of Epehy in the neighbourhood of the Arras-Douai railway and south-east of Gavrelle. We destroyed dugouts, emplacements and dumps. Hostile artillery has been active east of Ypres.

FRENCH REPEL ENEMY ATTACK ON MEUSE.

LIVELY ARTILLERY FIRING NEAR MORTHOMME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

To-night's French communiqué says, there was considerable artillery firing in the region of Braye and Cerny.

A fresh German attack on the right bank of the Meuse north of the Caurieres Wood was repulsed. On the left bank there was lively artillery firing in the neighbourhood of Morthomme.

ITALIAN GAIN SOUTH-EAST OF BAINSIZZA PLATEAU.

BOMBS ON ENEMY TROOPS NEAR SAN GABRIELE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 17.

An Italian communiqué says, we gained ground on the south-eastward margin of the Bainsizza plateau taking 417 prisoners. We dropped two and a half tons of bombs on the troops massed eastward of San Gabriele.

AMERICA'S WAR PREPARATION.

1½ MILLION IN INTENSIVE TRAINING.

AMAZING WAR EXPENDITURE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 9-10 p.m., Sept. 17.

Describing in "The Times" America's war preparations after barely five months Lord Northcliffe says:—The United States have close upon a million and a half soldiers undergoing intensive training.

For the upkeep of this force sums of money have been voted which make one's brain reel. For aeroplane construction 128 million sterling has been appropriated. Upon the building of merchant ships 227 million sterling is to be spent. In all the war expenditure of the United States already amounts to well over 1,600,000 sterling a day and loans to the Allies account for another 2,400,000.

KING'S FOUR-DAY VISIT TO CLYDE YARDS.

FUNCTIONS INCLUDE A PUBLIC INVESTITURE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

The King has started on a four-day visit to the Clyde yards. The functions will include a public investiture in Ibrox Park, Glasgow, where preparations have been made for a hundred thousand spectators.

DEMAND FOR MORE RECRUITS.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE BY MINISTER OF NATIONAL SERVICE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 17.

Replying to a deputation on Saturday the Minister of National Service sated that the department was being reorganised with a view to meeting the forthcoming demand for more recruits. He emphasised that in order that the army should be well balanced and the civil population should do necessary war work and maintain a healthy public opinion, men of all military ages must be recruited and some men of all ages must remain at home.

DEMAND FOR ECKHARDT'S EXPULSION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 17.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Sept. 17.

A newspaper publishes Eckhardt's letter and demands his expulsion if the Government wishes to preserve neutrality.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

CULTIVABLE AREA REDUCED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CAIRO, Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 17.

The Message from Alexandria about cotton area, dated the 10th instant, was sent under a misapprehension. The decree provides for the cultivation of one third perennial area. Thus approximately 1,355 thousand feddans will be left under cotton, representing a reduction of roughly 320,000 feddans on last year's area.

COTTON RESTRICTION.

RESULT OF FIRST WEEK'S WORKING

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 9-10 p.m., Sept. 17.

As a result of the first week's working of cotton restriction seven hundred operatives in Rochdale, three hundred in Bury and two mills in Oldham have been rendered idle.

BATHING FATALITY IN KARACHI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Sept. 17.

A bathing fatality at Manora beach, Karachi, on Sunday evening resulted in death from drowning of Miss Ivy Burgess, a resident of Karachi, whose parents reside in Allahabad and of staff Sergeant Ferns who was on leave from Aden. The body of Ferns is washed out to the sea and has not yet been recovered.

MR. GERARD'S REVELATIOS.

SCATHING INDICTMENT OF GERMANY.

UTTER HORROR AND USELESSNESS OF AUTOCRACY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 8-45 p.m., Sept. 17.

Mr. Gerard in the final chapter of his revelations in the "Daily Telegraph" makes a scathing indictment of Germany. He says:—When I returned to America after living in the centre of a world calamity, I felt for the first time the utter horror and uselessness of all the misery these Prussian military autocrats have brought upon the world and what reckoning there will be in Germany some day when plain people realise the truth; when they learn what base motive actuated their rulers in condemning the whole generation to war and death. Is it not a shame that the world should have been so disturbed? That peaceful men should be compelled to lie in mud and filth in the depth of raw winter? Why must people in Poland die of hunger, not finding dogs enough in the streets of Lemberg and prisoners of war starve in huts or working in factories and mines? Why should the horror of ten million dead be inflicted on the world, because in the dark cold northern plains of Germany there exists an autocracy deceiving a great people poisoning their minds from one generation to another and preaching the virtue and necessity of war? Until that autocracy is either wiped out or made powerless there can be no peace on earth. The golden dream of conquest was almost accomplished. A little more advance, a few more wagon-loads of ammunition and there would have been no battle of the Marne, no Joffre to hammer back the invading hordes of barbarism.

ENEMY SHIPPING NEAR OSTEND BOMBED.

ONE TRAWLER SUNK; A SEAPLANE SHOT DOWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Sept. 18.

The Admiralty says:—Naval aircraft on Saturday bombed the enemy shipping between Ostend and Blankenberghe and hit a large destroyer amidships. One trawler was sunk and probably another was also.

Our aeroplanes shot down a seaplane in the evening and the patrol engaged a formation of the enemy aircraft yesterday morning and destroyed one machine and probably two.

ITALIANS REPULSE COUNTER-ATTACKS.

ON BAINSIZZA PLATEAU.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Sept. 18.

An Italian official communiqué reports the repulse of four counter-attacks on the Bainsizza Plateau.

ARGENTINE RAILWAYMEN'S STRIKE.

STRIKERS REFUSE ABITRATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 17.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Sept. 18.

While Argentine is awaiting Germany's explanation of the Luxburg affair the Government is faced with a serious strike of railwaymen who have held up troop trains, seized telegraphs, blown up a bridge and interrupted services. The strikers refuse arbitration. The Government has decided energetically to repress sabotage. The cause of the strike is not stated.

SOCIALIST AND LIBERAL MEETINGS IN STOCKHOLM.

SWEDISH PEOPLE TO MAINTAIN STRICT NEUTRALITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 17.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Sept. 18.

Great meetings of Socialists and Liberals presided over by M. Branting and Professor Eden, Liberal Leader, respectively, have passed resolutions strongly protesting against the Conservative Government's conduct in the Luxburg affair and emphasising the determination of the Swedish people to maintain strict neutrality.

The Socialists demanded a change of Government.

(Continued from Column 6.)

as conveners, one of them being the licensee of the hall, to dissolve the meeting. There were cries of "Dissolve" from the conveners' quarter. The chairman, however, not dissolving the meeting continued to sit amidst an uproar and noise when the police was brought to disperse the meeting. The chairman in obedience to law then dissolved the meeting.

MADRAS NON-BRAHMIN MEETING.

ACCOUNT OF THE DEBACLE.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF CONVENERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

In connection with the non-Brahmana meeting which took place on Saturday and dispersed without transacting any business two reports have been issued, one by the conveners of the meeting and the other by the opposition party. The two reports are given below in full:—

OFFICIAL REPORT OF CONVENERS.

The official report of conveners is signed by Dewan Bahadur P. Keshava Pillay, Messrs. A. Ranganatham Mudaliar, S. Guruswami Chetty, T. V. Goparaswami Mudaliar, P. S. Gurunesami Naidu, A. S. Gajaraja Mudaliar, V. Chakrai, Dr. M. C. Nanjunda Rao, C. S. Govindaraja Mudaliar, and T. Ranganatham Naidu. It states:—The meeting was convened for the purpose of forming a central non-Brahmana organisation to express sympathy and agreement to the Congress-Moslem League scheme of reform, to pray for the immediate cancelment of the orders of internment of Mrs. Besant and others and to protest against the conduct of Mr. Thyagaraja Chetty, Secretary of South Indian People's Association, who sent a cable in the name of non-Brahmana communities approving of the repressive policy of the Government and which had to be postponed at the very commencement owing to the obstruction of a handful of men headed by Mr. O. Kandaswamy Chetty of the Christian College and editor of the "Social Reform Advocate." Before the conveners could propose as chairman Mr. Arunagiri Naidu, Mr. Kurup, a young Malayalee barrister was proposed and forcibly placed in the chair without even taking the sense of the meeting and in spite of the indignant protest of the assembly. Mr. Kurup however, was not allowed to vacate by the majority of the audience. He wanted to vacate the chair expressing his regret that he had been forced into it. Then Dewan Bahadur P. Kesava Pillai pointed out with considerable interruption and noise of obstructionists that a few men were creating unprecedented and unorganised disturbance and that their conduct would be denounced by their countrymen all over the presidency. To avoid unpleasant consequences to obstructionists the conveners adjourned the meeting.

OBSTRUCTIONISTS HOOTED.

Prominent obstructionists and their proposed chairman Mr. Kurup were hissed and hooted by the infuriated audience as the police removed and escorted them out of the hall. In the street in front of the hall pieces of torn paper and filth were thrown at them and more serious consequences would have followed but for the intervention and advice of Dr. Nanjunda Row, Messrs. S. Guruswamy Chetty, Chakrarai Chetty and others. The adjourned meeting will be held on Thursday. Admission will be by tickets.

OPPOSITION STATEMENT.

Messrs. O. K. Kurup, S. Somasundaram Pillai, O. Kundaswamy Chetty, editor "Social Reform Advocate," P. Narayanaswami Mudaliar, Retired Salt Inspector and C. Nutisun, Secretary, Madras Dravidian Association, have issued the following statement about yesterday's non-Brahmana meeting:—Having seen the notice convening a non-brahmana meeting to consider the present political situation and inviting all non-Brahmanas, we attended yesterday's meeting at the Gokhale Hall. A copy of printed resolutions which were put into our hands by the conveners showed they intended to commit the non-Brahmana community to the attitude of protest against the Government's present policy towards Mrs. Besant and to an expression of agreement with the Congress-Muslim League scheme. Seeing that the chairman to be proposed by the conveners was one of the conveners themselves responsible for the draft resolutions, and knowing that a strong feeling existed among a large section of those assembled against this handing over of the Non-Brahmana community to Home Rule we felt it our duty to see that there was in the chair one not committed to the Home Rule propaganda.

MR. KURUP PROPOSED TO THE CHAIR.

Accordingly Mr. O. Kandaswamy Chetti proposed Mr. T. V. K. Kurup, which was received with applause without a dissentient voice. Mr. S. Somasundaram Pillay duly seconded his proposition. At this stage one of the conveners' party proposed Mr. Arunagiri Naidu, a signatory to the notice convening the meeting. There was then an outburst of "No, no." This, we took, was a decisive expression in favour of Dr. Kurup who was then induced to take the chair by Mr. Kandaswami Chetty. Mr. Kesava Pillay now stood up to speak when Dr. Kurup called him to order and there were cries of "Obey the chair" and "Go on." The conveners would not allow Mr. Kurup to commence the proceedings and tried to dislodge him from the chair when a number of men who sympathised with us took up a position affording protection. Mr. C. Govindarajulu Mudaliar one of the conveners, taking advantage of his position as the Secretary of Y. M. C. A., in charge of the hall wanted Dr. Kurup to vacate the chair. Dr. Kurup replied that he had come there as an invitee and was then placed in the chair by the moral force of a large body of men in the hall, and while he did not personally mind anybody else occupying the chair, he would not yield to Mr. Govindarajulu Mudaliar's abuse of his position. The conveners realising there was a large support for the chairman and that their resolutions would not be carried and their power

(Continued in Column 5.)

'INTERNMENT DAY" COMMEMORATION.

MEETING AT LUCKNOW.

DISSATISFACTION AT DELAY IN RELEASE.

SIR MICHAEL O'DWYER'S SPEECH RESENTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 17.

A crowded meeting of the citizens of Lucknow was held on Sunday evening (16th September) at the Victoria Park under the auspices of the local Home Rule League. More than three thousand people were present. Dr. Syed Nabiullah was voted to the chair. The proceedings began with the *Bande Mataram* song. Munshi Nazir Husain then read a poem in Urdu specially composed for the occasion. The Chairman then explained to the audience the object of the meeting and impressed upon them their duty at this critical juncture. He refuted the various objections that were urged by interested parties against the grant of Home Rule to Indians on the ground of their unfitness. He expressed his conviction that the people of his country were quite ready for self-government. They only wanted a little training which it was the duty of their English rulers to give them and the best way of giving it was by conferring upon them free institutions.

SIR MICHAEL O'DWYER'S SPEECH RESENTED.

He then called upon the Hon. Pandit Gokaran Nath Misra to move the first resolution which ran as follows:—

(a) This public meeting of the citizens of Lucknow resents the provocative, irrelevant and undignified speech of Sir Michael O'Dwyer in the Indian Legislative Council on last Thursday which will seriously interfere with the tranquillity in public life which is highly necessary to discuss political questions in a dispassionate spirit to facilitiate the work of the Right Hon. Montagu.

(b) This meeting calls upon the non-official members in the Indian Legislative Council to protest against it in strong and emphatic terms.

(c) This meeting authorises the Chairman to telegraph a copy of the above resolution to his Excellency the Viceroy, the Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Hon. Raja Saheb of Mahmudabad and the Hon. Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru.

The Hon. Pandit showed how grossly provocative the speech of Sir Michael O'Dwyer was and said that the proceedings of the Imperial Council were not conducted that day with fairness. He then went into details by explaining to the audience the kind of Home Rule which they all wanted at the close of the war and that was embodied in the Congress League scheme.

THE REPRESSIVE ADMINISTRATION OF SIR MICHAEL.

The Hon. Pandit Jagat Narayan then seconded the resolution. He expressed his great indignation at Sir Michael's speech and regretted that he should have spoken in that strain so soon after the Viceroy's last speech which was conciliatory to a degree. He showed conclusively that the silence which prevailed in the Punjab was due not to the satisfaction and contentment prevailing amongst the people of that province, but owing to the repressive administration of Sir Michael. He reminded the audience of the state of the Punjab only a year ago when no fewer than seven thousand people had to be interned. He said that they all fully understood their duty towards the Empire and did not want a lecture from the Punjab satrap. In conclusion, he said that it was futile on the part of Sir Michael to charge the leaders of Indian opinion with neglect to the interests of their countrymen and gave instances to show that wherever in the field of education, senitation, etc., they had asked the Government to make improvements, their proposals were coldly received and the plea of want of funds was always trotted out by the officials

The resolution was then passed with acclamation.

DISSATISFACTION AT DELAY IN MRS. BESANT'S RELEASE.

Pandit Brij Narayan Chakbast then moved the following resolution:—

This meeting views with profound dissatisfaction the unnecessary postponement of the promised release of Mrs. Besant and others who have been interned or imprisoned for political reasons, and expresses its unabated confidence in Mrs. Besant and her co-workers, in Messrs. Mohammed Ali and Shaukat Ali.

It was seconded by Dr. Nazirnddin Husain, Babu Ajit Prasad, Dr. Purshottam Dass Kachar and Babu Hari Kishen Dhaon and was passed unanimously. The meeting then concluded with a vote of thanks to the chair.

The Chairman of the meeting has wired the first resolution to the Private Secretary to the Viceroy.

Intense indignation prevails throughout the city owing to the speech of Sir Michael O'Dwyer.

"INTERNMENT DAY."

GODHRA MEETING.

(From a Correspondent.)

GODHRA, Sept. 16.

An enthusiastic meeting was held here to-day under the auspices of the Home Rule League which had a record attendance of over 2,000 people, of whom nearly 500 were local Mahomedans headed by their leaders. Shrimali's Wadi where the meeting was held was packed to suffocation and some hundreds of people remained standing while the meeting lasted. Mr. Keshavlal Motilal was in the chair, and Mr. Syud Hossain, who had specially come up for the occasion, delivered an address in Urdu on "The Meaning of Home Rule." Subsequently the following resolution, moved by the lecturer and seconded and supported respectively by Mr. Yajnik and Mr. Mukadam was carried unanimously:

"That this public meeting of the citizens of Godhra convened under the auspices of the local branch of the Home Rule League, declares its satisfaction at the declaration of the Home Member that Government propose to release Mrs. Besant and her colleagues and Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, and urges upon the Government the expediency of giving effect to that promise immediately, as further delay would be most prejudicial to the public interest."

A large number of new members offered themselves for enrolment at the close of the meeting.

INTERNMENT DAY AT CAWNPORE.

(From a Correspondent.)

CAWNPORE, Sept. 17.

The Internment Day was observed yesterday at four places. Resolutions were passed protesting against the internment, welcoming Mr. Montagu's visit, condemning the recommendations of the Inter-Departmental Conference on Indian Labour, Colonies and protesting against Sir Michael O'Dwyer's provocative speech in the Legislative Council. Stirring speeches were made by many gentlemen and prayers were offered on the banks of the Ganges. The meetings were well attended. Many new members joined. The present local League's strength is 300.

EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION AND HOME RULE.

STATEMENT ON CONTEMPLATED CHANGES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

The following statement is issued by the European Association on Self-Government and "Home Rule":—Movements have had publicity of late and the Government have more or less intimated that some changes are contemplated in the way of larger powers in the matter of local self-government and wider political privileges. Whatever the changes contemplated may amount to the non-official European community in India are very strongly of opinion that they should extend to all classes according to their interests. They are further of opinion that changes should be introduced gradually and developed as the sense of political responsibility is realised.

The Council of the European Association having the unanimous support of all the branch committees throughout India and Burma have despatched the following telegram to the Secretary of State and have forwarded a copy to the Government of India:—

The European Association as representing the largest organised body of non-official European opinion in India, professional, commercial and labour, is of opinion that proposals for the better government of India should not proceed upon racial considerations, but rather upon the principle that such proposals are intended to extend political privileges to non-official classes and that therefore they should comprise all sections of the non-official community equally according to their interests. To any scheme of reform in the direction of safe and orderly progress formulated upon this principle, under which such progress will be gradual and strictly limited in accordance with the development of the sense of political responsibility, the European Association will give its entire support. But any such scheme can only receive fair and dispassionate consideration in an atmosphere of mutual sympathy and goodwill between the non-official communities, European and Indian, of which the methods of agitation adopted by certain publicists are highly subversive.

POONA HOME RULE UNION.

MR. BAPAT ON MRS. BESANT'S METHODS OF AGITATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Sept. 17.

A public meeting organised by the Poona Home Rule Union in connection with the Internment day took place this morning in the Sarvajanik Sabha Hall under the presidency of Mr. Bhopatkar. Mr. P. M. Bapat, who was the principal speaker, laid special stress on the fact that Mrs. Besant's methods of political agitation were perfectly constitutional and cannot be called violent.

REMEDY FOR DRINK EVIL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Having read in your paper of the 7th instant, an article on the drink question in Mysore, I beg to draw the Mysore Government's attention to the fact that vegetarian diet is the best remedy for the drink evil.

The Salvation Army in London have opened a Home where most confirmed drunkards are cured by the Vegetarian diet treatment.

If the Mysore Government will kindly invite an officer of the Salvation Army in London having experience of the above mentioned treatment, and arrange with him to educate public opinion on the subject they will earn the very great blessing of saving many poor sufferers from the drink curse.—

LABSHANKAR LAXMIDAS.

Junagadh, Sept. 10.

POSTMEN'S GRIEVANCES.

OFFICIAL ATTITUDE.

REJECTION OF PETITION THROUGH ATTORNEYS.

DENIAL AND DEADLOCK.

We reproduced in the "Bombay Chronicle" the other day a document bearing the signature of the Presidency Postmaster. Instead of meeting the grievances of the postmen, which were set forth in detail in the letter of Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwala, acting for the discontented workers, in an open and generous manner, that high functionary, as the document shows, resorted to a rather different way of dealing with the matter. Here are a few more documents of the same type, which should convince the public of the spirit in which the responsible authorities of the Bombay Post Office intend to meet the reasonable and well-founded grievances of the hard-worked men:—

I.

General Post Office,
Bombay, Sept., 1917.

No. E-61.

To

The Sub-Postmaster.

In the event of a strike of the postmen, you should direct your clerk to join the _____ post office without any delay and he should work there under the orders of the sub-postmaster.

(Sd.) G. W. LOVE,
Presy. Postmaster.

Copy forwarded to the Sub-Postmaster _____ for information.

II

Bombay, 15th Sept., 1917.

Memo:—No. E-61.

In the event of a postmen's strike taking place I think it necessary to caution all clerks and local sorters that I expect them to act faithfully and not absent themselves by the production of medical certificates nor any other excuses. Any official so absenting himself, I shall view such an act as an intentional shirking of duty and responsibility and note all such cases against the individuals. All officials who will loyally co-operate in rendering all possible assistance will, I assure them, receive full recognition.

(Sd.) G. W. LOVE,
Presy. Postmaster.
Bombay, 15th Sept., 1917.

No. E-61.

Copy to all Head Clerks of the G. P. O. and Sub-Postmasters of all Town Sub-Offices for information and communication to the officials subordinate to them.

(Sd.) G. W. LOVE,
Presy. Postmaster.

III.

Bombay, 14th Sept., 1917.

Memo:—No. E-61.

The following is forwarded to the Head Clerk, Delivery Department, Bombay G. P. O., and Sub-Postmasters of all the delivery Town Sub-Offices for information and communication to the probationary postment under them.

(Sd.) G. W. LOVE,
Presy. Postmaster.

Extract from letter No. 3266, dated the 13-9-1917, from the Postmaster-General to the Presidency Postmaster, Bombay.

With reference to para. 4 of your letter No. E-61, dated 22nd August, 1917, I have the honour to say that it is decided to ask the Director-General to sanction an increase of Rs. 2 in the pay of the probationary postmen of the Bombay G. P. O. and its Town Sub-Offices.

The following notice too has been issued by the Presidency Postmaster since the receipt by the Postmaster-General of the representation addressed by Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwalla, Solicitors for the postmen, to the Director-General on their behalf:—

NOTICE.

There has lately been a movement on the part of some of the postmen in Bombay to create a general agitation amongst the whole of the delivery staff and meetings have been organised and other improper measures have been resorted to with the express purpose of inducing the loyal postmen to commit acts of disorder that are liable to lead to very serious consequences to the men themselves.

It is well known to all that the Department is always ready to consider any reasonable grievance and the following table shows the substantial improvements that have been made in the pay and prospects of the Bombay postmen during the past ten years:—

		Number of appointments in each Grade.			
		Jany 1907	April 1907	Feb. 1914	Sept. 1917
Overseer	Rs. 20 ..	15	15	19	30
	Rs. 25 ..	3	3	..	..
	Rs. 30 ..	..	..	..	74
Reader Postmen.	Rs. 20 ..	..	56	65	..
	Rs. 20 ..	54	..	..	..
	Rs. 25 ..	..	79	100	133
	Rs. 30 ..	33	94	137	174
	Rs. 17 ..	..	154	183	223
Postmen	Rs. 16 ..	129	..	..	..
	Rs 15 ..	..	202	217	128
	Rs. 14 ..	147	..	..	..
	Rs. 12 ..	195	..	..	..
	Rs. 12 ..	..	43	46	71
Proby Postmen	Rs. 10 ..	43	..	..	..
	Total ..	619	637	747	837

From the above table it will be seen that in the year 1907 out of 576 permanent postmen there were 471 drawing less than Rs. 17 whereas at present amongst 766 permanent postman there are only 128 such postmen. In addition the postmen are being paid grain compensation and extra delivery allowances at the following rates:—

Grain compensation — men in receipts of Rs. 17/ & upwards Rs. 3; Rs. 17/ & below Rs. 1-8-0

Delivery allowance Overseer Re. 1 per mail. for Overland Mails Postmen Re. 0-8-0 do.

Consequently more than 83 per cent. of the men are in receipt of a salary of at least Rs. 20 and have a good chance of rising considerably higher. Furthermore they are treated as superior servants of Government and are granted pension on the superior scale and concessions in the matter of leave that are not granted to other Government servants of the same class. These rates of pay and prospects compare favourably with the pay and prospects offered to other subordinate servants of Government and postmen will be very ill advised to commit any act of disorder that is likely to jeopardise their appointment in the Department. There are a large number of postmen who have rendered Government loyal and faithful service for many years, and others who permitted themselves to be led astray in the postmen strike of 1906, but subsequently expressed remorse and gave a written guarantee that they would never again take part in any further disloyal agitation. Such pledges are not lightly broken and there is every reason to believe that the majority of postmen are true to their salt,—and can be depended on to show loyalty to the Department in any crisis; but, in case any should allow themselves to be persuaded to strike work or join in any other act of disorder it is perhaps well that they should be reminded that they render themselves liable to the following penalties:—

(i) Prosecution under Section 50 of the Post Office Act (Act No. VI of 1898) for desertion from duty—rendering them punishable with imprisonment or fine.

(ii) Dismissal from service involving the loss of appointment and pension.

(iii) Forfeiture of all previous services, and the privileges and concessions appertaining thereto.

Furthermore, it must be remembered that under the rules of Government a full pension is given only in cases when the service performed has been really such as to merit the approval of Government and that any official who in the course of his service commits any wrongful act is liable on retirement to have his pension reduced to a minimum. The petition that the postmen submitted in March last was sympathetically taken up by the Postmaster-General and on his recommendation the Director-General sanctioned the improved scale of pay entertained from the beginning of this month.

General Post Office,
Bombay, 15th September, 1917.

(Sd.) G. W. LOVE,
Presidency Postmaster,
Bombay.

We have received a copy of the reply which Messrs. Rustamji and Ginwalla have received from the Postmaster-General Bombay to their communication of the 12th instant. It runs as follows:

POONA, Sept. 15.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to return your letter of the 12th September and its enclosure addressed to the Hon. Sir William Maxwell, K.C.I.E., M.V.O., Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, as I am unable to forward it to the Director-General. The Rules of the Government lay down that no notice will be taken of a petition relating to any matter connected with the official prospects or position of an official in civil employ unless it is submitted by the official himself. In the circumstances, I shall be obliged if you will kindly inform your clients that any representation they desire to make to the Director-General must be submitted by themselves through the usual official channel. I may add that I am prepared at any time to discuss the matter informally with you.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
(Sd.) H. S. H. PILKINGTON,
Postmaster-General,
Bombay.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

Coal shares did not attract much attention and a small trade was put through in these securities at last prices. Jute mill shares were not much in request lacking outside support and business confined to bazar operations. The list of transactions in Industrials was not as full as usual. Kluang Rubber shares were in some request. British Burma Petroleum changed hands at Rs. 8. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Bengal 825; Burrakur 38-8; Deoli 23-12, 24; Huntodih 19-12, 20; Lakurka 42-12; New Beerbhoom 53; New Tetturya 16-8; Phularitand 8-8 to 8-14; Raneegunge 41; Reliance 45, 45-4; Samla Kendra 17-12, 18.

Jute:—Auckland ord 320; Barnagore ord 117; Budge-Budge ord 490; Clive ord 219, 218-8, 219; Dalhousie ord 442; Fort William ord 233; Howrah ord 448, 450, 445; Howrah pref 110 s. l.; Kamarhaty ord 455, 455; Kankinarrah ord 563, 565; Kinnison ord 765; Naihati ord 370; Northbrook ord 44-8, 44-4; Reliance ord 424; Standard ord 492, 494; Union ord 628.

Miscellaneous:—Alliance Bank pref 102 s. l.; Bengal Aerating Gas 173, 177; Bengal Brass 8-8, 8-12 p; British Burma Petroleum 8; Cawnpore Sugar ord 178; Calcutta Hydraulic 400; Kluang Rubber 10-4 to 10-12; Kumardhubi Engineering 33-12 to 39-4 x d; Reliance Fire Brick Pottery 4-4, 4-8 p; Surma Valley Saw Mills 18-2, 18-6; Titaghur Paper ord 220, 223.

Government Paper three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 68-2 to Rs. 68-6 and small lots were done at Rs. 68-8 to Rs. 68-12.

Final jute forecasts of fifteen Bengal districts issued this afternoon, shows an output of 68,59,107 bales being an increase of 3,28,178 over last year. Maring war risk insurance rates have been reduced by half per cent. and one per cent. for routes on the west coast to Burma and the far East, and west coast to the U. S. Pacific coast respectively. Bombay to west coast coasting routes are down half per cent., and Ceylon to U. S. Pacific coast by one per cent.

LADY WILLINGDON IN RANGOON.

HER EXCELLENCY VISITS RED CROSS DEPOT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Sept. 17.

Lady Willingdon accompanied by the Lieutenant-Governor and staff visited the Red Cross Depot to-day where the party was met by Major Young and the members of the Red Cross Committee. Her Excellency and Sir Harcourt and party were shown all the work that were being carried on by the Red Cross Committee. Her Excellency at the close of the visit expressed herself quite pleased with all that she had seen. Her Excellency then visited the General Hospital where she was met by Colonel Barry, the Superintendent who accompanied her Excellency all over the building. Private rooms and general wards were visited and her Excellency expressed her pleasure at everything she had been shown.

IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

RESOLUTIONS ON MRS. BESANT'S INTERNMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

At Wednesday's meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council the following resolutions have been put down for discussion:—The Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya will move:—

"This Council recommends to the Governor-General in Council that he should be pleased to direct the Government of Madras to cancel the orders of internment passed under the Defence of India Act against Mrs. Annie Besant, Mr. G. S. Arundale and Mr. B. P. Wadia."

The Hon. Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma will move:—

"This Council recommends to the Governor-General in Council that steps be taken for the reversal of the order of the Madras Government interning Mrs. Annie Besant, Mr. Arundale and Mr. Wadia, under the Defence of India Act and the removal of the restrictions imposed upon their liberty."

PROPOSED CHANGE OF VENUE OF CONGRESS.

MR. HASSAN IMAM'S OFFER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika" announces that Mr. Hassan Imam of Bankipur is prepared to pay Rs. 30,000 to meet the expenses of the Congress, should the All-India Congress Committee decide to change the venue and invite the Congress to his province, Bihar.

THREATENED SHORTAGE OF COOLIE LABOUR IN BURMA.

BURMA CHAMBER'S NOTE TO GOVERNMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Sept. 17.

In reply to a communication from a member of the Chamber of Commerce enquiring whether the Burma Chamber is taking any action in the matter of probable influx of coolie labour into the province being affected owing to shortage of steamers, the Chamber has invited the attention of the Government to the serious consequences likely to befall Burma should the influx of coolie labour in September and October not be normal, and urges that the Government of India be asked to release sufficient number of steamers during those two months so as to ensure harvesting operations connected with the extensive paddy crop of the province.

BOMBAY EXEMPTION TRIBUNAL.

QUESTION OF B.E.S.&T.CO'S EMPLOYEES.

The Bombay Exemption Tribunal met yesterday at the Town Hall, presided over by Mr. W. C. Shepherd, Collector of Bombay.

The Mercantile Bank of India applied for a variation of the order passed by the Tribunal on a previous occasion in the case of Messrs. N. Wilks, H. Macdonell and W. D. Wheeler. It was arranged that the applicants should do only general service on the understanding that one of them should be taken away at a time. Since then it had been found that none of them could be spared in this way. The Tribunal passed the same order as they had passed in the case of the Bank of Bombay.

The Joint Managing Engineer of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd., applied on behalf of Messrs. J. J. Cardwell and B. W. Timmins, engineers, that both should be exempted, or transferred to the B.V.R.

It was stated that on a former occasion the Tribunal recommended that they should not be sent outside Bombay. The company could not spare them now and it was difficult to get new hands from Home. The Officer Commanding the Bombay Volunteers strongly objected to any man being transferred from one corps to another.

The question then arose as to the exact form in which exemption should be granted, to the applicants, and the matter was postponed to enable the applicants to formulate their proposal.

Mr. W. J. Burrows was exempted from general service till 31st December on the same condition on which he had been previously exempted.

Mr. Payne, solicitor, appeared for Mr. S. Moore, of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., and applied for exemption from general service. In support of his application he stated that Mr. Moore was in sole charge of certain branches of the export business of the company.

The Tribunal granted exemption till 31st December.

Mr. Payne then applied for Mr. H. Hargreaves of Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., and stated that his presence at his mill was absolutely necessary. He should be put on the same footing as Messrs. Hunt and Webb, in whose case it was ordered that they should be called out not more than one working day at a time. The Tribunal granted the application.

Mr. Payne also applied for Mr. N. C. Nagporewalla that he should be granted total exemption. The applicant was a volunteer in the Poona Rifles for nine years. He was the sole proprietor in his business and he supplies butter for the troops in Mesopotamia and Egypt.

The applicant was exempted from general service but was made liable for local service.

Mr. H. S. Walton was exempted from general service till 31st December.

Mr. N. B. Dudrenec, the Bombay Manager of Hoghtons (India), Ld. Calcutta, was exempted from general service till 31st December.

The Tribunal renewed the order of exemption passed in case of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari officers and extended till 31st October.

Mr. A. E. Baker was exempted from general service.

Mr. J. Vaz, an employee of the Bombay Port Trust, was exempted totally for six months.

The Secretary to the Government, P. W. D., Bombay, applied on behalf of Mr. T. E. Ferrow who, was granted total exemption from general service.

The Controller of Munitions applied on behalf of Mr. W. C. Shaller, for total exemption. Mr. Shaller had completed his preliminary training and would be 41 years of age in a few days. The Tribunal granted him total exemption.

Mr. T. E. Newaskar of the Income Tax office was exempted from general service.

Mr. E. Wilson of Messrs. Lund and Blockey was granted total exemption.

The Tribunal adjourned till the 22nd instant.



For Business and Pleasure RIDE A B.S.A BICYCLE

B.S.A. quality has set the standard in cycle construction. Every part of a B.S.A. is guaranteed interchangeable. All genuine B.S.A. Bicycles carry the "Three Guns" trade mark shown above. The B.S.A. mark is your protection against inferior substitutes.

B.S.A. Lists free from The Wellington Cycle & Motor Co., Bombay.

FREE to any address—



Booklet describing "Treatment of Accidents and Injuries" and Price List.

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The Masterpiece of the British Film World.

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"EQUAL TO ANYTHING"
"ARTISTIC CONCEPTION"
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"LAVISH DETAIL"
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EXCELSIOR

Next Saturday 22nd Sept. at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

A GRAND FILM PRODUCTION! A GREAT DRAMATIC EVENT!

"MASKS & FACES"

Produced at the invitation of the

BRITISH ACADEMY OF DRAMATIC ART

In which the following leaders of the British Stage will appear :—

SIR SQUIRE BANCROFF, SIR ARTHUR PINERO,
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H. B. IRVING, GELARD DU MAURIER,
DEVVIS NEILSON TERRY, WEEDON GROSSMITH,
DION BOUCICAULT, BEN WEBSTER, MISSES IRENE VANBRUGH,
GLADYS COOPER, LILLAH McCARTHY, WINIFRED EMERY,
STELLA PATRICK CAMPBELL, VIOLA TREE, MABEL RUSSELL,
ELLALINE TERRISS, LILIAN BRAITHWAITE, RENEE MAYER and a host of other Stage Celebrities.

Prices Rs. 3, 2, 1 & Annas 8 & 4. Plans at Theatre open on Thursday.

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11th and 12th Episodes of our great Serial

"PEARL OF THE ARMY"

"Million Volunteers" "Foreign Alliance"
Featuring the adorable

PEARL WHITE.

"LUKE'S HONEYMOON"

The second of two-part comedies by this famous comedian.

A Laugh in every foot.

"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW"

TIME 7, 8-45 10-30 p. m. Matinee every Saturday and Sunday 5 p. m.
POPULAR PRICES. LAMINGTON ROAD.

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and its suburbs our manufactured

COSSI SILK JIT PIECES

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON

are much liked for their durability, softness and excellent texture. Each piece is worth the price and is guaranted for

ONE SUIT COMPLETE.

Price **Rs. 8** Per piece.

Order a piece To-day and mark what you save in the long run.

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GOOD LUCK COMPANY

BENARES CITY (India.

Take the Offensive Against Catarrh.

Many people are inclined to neglect this disease in its early stages—don't commit such an error! Catarrh gives rise to many diseases, such as:—Bad Sight, Deafness, Hay Fever, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, etc. To effectively cure any Catarrhal disease you MUST remove the Catarrh and that is what most remedies fail to do. The Actina Treatment gets right to the root of the trouble and the powerful vapour courses through even the minutest nerves and blood-vessels in direct contact with the affected membranes, removing the congestion, and restoring healthy circulation. Invest Rs 25-8 (plus postage, etc.) in an Actina and save specialists' fees. Valuable Booklet entitled "Prof. Wilson's Treatise on Disease," containing particulars of our Conditional Trial Offer and testimonials post free from Actina (B. C.) Sole Agency Batala (India.)

ACTINA Natural Treatment.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Saturday, Sept. 15th.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	Not given
Egyptian Visible Supply	Mutilated
East Indian „ „	114,000
American „ „	1,415,000
Other „ „	50,000
Total Sales	12,000
East Indian Sales	Nil
Total Sepeculation	Nil
„ Export	Nil
East Indian Export	Nil
„ „ Stock	43,000
„ „ Forwarded	1,200
„ „ Actual Export	Nil
„ „ Imports	Nil
„ „ Speculation	Nil
American Afloat	120,000
East Indian Afloat	10,000
Total Afloat	157,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Sept 14th.

Day's Exports to Great Britian	10,000
„ „ to Continent	5,000
Fair Rio Coffee(No. 7 quality)	9
Demand Bills	4.75.55
Silver Commercial Bars	100¼

Rise is due largely to heavy withdrawals of gold and substitution of silver.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of Cotton at U. S. Ports	161.0.0
„ Exports to Great Britain	30.000
„ „ to France and Continent	38,000
„ „ to Japan	
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports	496,000
„ „ at Interior Ports	1,258,000

New York, Sept. 15th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	20,000
„ „ to Continent	9,000
Futures at New York Oct.	20.28
„ „ Jan.	20.09
„ „ Mar	20.23
Spot Cotton at New York	21.45
„ New Orleans	20.19
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	19.58
„ „ Jan.	19.45
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality	9
Demand Bills	4.75 50
Silver Commercial Bars	100½

MONEY MARKET.

London, Sept. 15th.

Bar Silver Spot	51
Closing Tone of Silver:—Firm.	
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April, 1917	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 13/16
„ Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	4 3/4
„ Fine Trade Bills' 3 months	5 1/8
„ „ „ 6 „	5 3/8
Interest day to day loans	4
„ 7 day market loans	4 1/4
Consols 2½ %	55½
Rupee Paper 3½ % Nominal	50
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan	65½
Government Securities 3 %	55½
Ex. on London at Paris Francs	27.53

WAR LOANS.

London, Sept. 15th.

3½ % 1925—1928	£87½
4½ % 1925—1945	£97½
5% New	£94 7/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

London, Sept. 15th.

RAPESEED.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold per ton Sept.-Oct. Sellers	595
Rapeseed, Ferozepore Ordinary Aug.-Sept. Value	590
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Sept.-Oct. Value	600
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Aug.-Sept. Value	560

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Sept.-Oct.	600
Linseed Small grains Aug.-Sept	590
Linseed Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Value	595

London, Sept. 14th.

Linseed Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Value	595

London, Sept. 15th.

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£133
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£120½
Hard Spelter Nominal	..

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Oct.	20 3
Fine white Java C. & F Calcutta Sept.-Oct.	23/6

Tone:—Firm—More enquiry.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Sept. Oct. Buyers	3/1½
Planatation First Latex Crepe Sept. Buyers	2/10½

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Sept. 17.

The quotations this morning for Good Broach April were Rs. 411, Exchange terms and Rs. 409 Association terms. The Marwari bazaar opened at Rs. 412½ and at once advanced to Rs. 415, remaining at and about that price for some time. At Colaba the rate advanced to Rs. 417½ and a moderate business was done on Exchange terms, but on Association terms at Rs. 415 there was little doing. The market closed steady at Rs. 418 Exchange terms for Good Broach April. Fine Bengal January was firm with few sellers at Rs. 340 Exchange terms.

Ready cotton was quiet with only a very moderate enquiry.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

OLD CROP.

Fine M.G. Bengal	Sept.	342
Good M.G. Westerns	Aug.-Sept.	418
Good H.G. Westerns	Aug.-Sept.	403
Good Sawgd Dharwar	Augt.-Sept.	457
Good M.G. Coompta	Aug.-Sept.	468
Good M. G.	Aug.-Sept.	464

NEW CROP.

Good Broach	April	418
Fine Khamgaon Akola	January	395
„ Khandeish	„	375
„ Muthia	„	362
„ Bengal	„	340
Fully Good Bengal	„	325

Quotation for NEW CROP are nett, the 5½ per cent. discount having been abolished.

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 17th SEPTEMBER 1917.

Growths.	Super fine	Fine	F.G.	Gd.	F.G.F.	Delivery.
M.G. Bengals	350	340	328			Ready
H.G. Sind Punjab	350	340	328			„
M.G. Athni-Miraj "Good Staple"				445		„
Saw-Ginned Dharwar				447		„
M G. Westerns				417	405	„
H.G. Westerns				407	395	„
M.G. Compta				459	445	„
M.G. Kadi Viramgam			478	463		„
M.G. Dhrangadra			472	457		„
M.G. Bagalkot				425		„
H.G. Bijapur				420		„

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc. for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. of 15th September :—

Cotton	1,222 bales
Wheat	14,915 cwts.
Linseed	5,056 „
Rape, Rai & Mustardseed, etc.	44 „
Gingellyseed	Nil
Poppyseed	114 „
Groundnuts	1,111 „
Castorseed	6,213 „
Rice	2,408 „
Myrabollams	4,357 „
Cottonseed	465 „
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	315 „
Jowar	Nil
Maize	Nil
Barley	306 „

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 17th Sept., 1917, at 5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super fine	Fine	Fully Good	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M.G.)	349	339	327	..	Ready
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	349	339	327	..	Ready
Wadhwan (M.G.)	..	472	457	..	Ready
Miraj (M.G.)	..	..	..	445	Ready
Bhagalkote-Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	..	426	Ready
Bijapur	..	..	..	422	Ready
Sawgd. Dharwar	..	..	..	447	Ready
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	..	417	Ready
Westerns (H.G.)	..	..	..	407	Ready
Compta (M.G.)	..	..	..	462	Ready

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Sept. 17th—4 p.m

Ready.	Bazaar Terms. Rs.	as.	p.	Rail Delivery. Rs.	as.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	42	0	0	6	5	0
„ „ Cawnpore 70-30	41	0	0	6	5	0
„ Karachi Bangla	42	6	0	6	8	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	6	10	0	7	0	0
„ „ Cawnpore	6	8	0	6	14	0
„ Yellow Cawnpore	6	14	0	7	4	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	7	5	0	7	11	0
„ „ Thin	7	0	0	7	6	0
Teelseed, White 85.15	44	0	0	9	4	0
„ Gajar 75.25	43	0	0	9	2	0
„ Black	36	0	0	8	0	0
„ Gajar 50.50	42	0	0	9	0	0
Poppyseed, White	7	6	0	7	12	0
Groundnuts	38	0	0	7	14	0
Mowraseed	4	0	0	4	4	0
Forward.	Rs.	as.	p.			
Wheat April-May	6	8	6			
„ Sept. Contract	6	6	6			
Linseed May	8	11	3			
„ Sept. Contract	7	12	3			

BULLION.

The silver market was quiet but steady with limited business.

Bar Gold.
Sovereign.
Silver Ready Ex-duty.
Silver 1st Sett. Ex-duty.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Tel. Transfer 1/4 31/32.
Bank demand drafts 1/5 1/32.
3 Months' sight Credits 1/5 13/32.
Bank demand on France Fr. 194.
3 Months' sight Francs Fr. 200½.
D.D. on Hongkong Rs. 233½.
D.D. on Shanghai Rs. 351.
T.T. on Japan Rs. 149½.
60 days' sight Japan Rs. 146.
Bank demand on New York Rs. 297½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47.
Cum-warrant 95.
Warrant 2/7 per cent.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 82.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 95.
3½ per cent. Small pieces 69.
3 per cent. Small pieces 58.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond guaranteed redemable 3 months' notice 80.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond Long dated 78.
Municipal Long dated 76.
Municipal Short dated 80.
City Improvement Trust 60 Years Jan.-July 79.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 92.
Sanitary 94.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras 6 per cent.

SHARES.

The share market was closed to-day owing to Jain holiday.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay as on 15th September, 1917.

LIABILITIES.

		Rs.
Capital		100,00,000
Reserve Fund		92,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	67,40,413	
„ Deposits at Branches	102,01,703	
		169,42,116
Other Deposits		24,03,25,308
Post Bills		3,931
Sundries		20,45,835
	Rs.	27,85,17,190

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Government Securities	259,64,352
Other authorised Securities	27,77,098
Credits, on Government and other authorised securities	127,21,164
Loans, on Government and other authorised securities	509,42,219
Bills Discounted and Purchased	98,99,705
Dead Stock	9,34,254
Stamps	6,032
Bullion	3,185
Balances with other Banks	6,84,940
Sundries	3,74,366
Cash	17,42,09,875
Rs.	27,85,17,190

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With Massage and Vibratory.
Massage by a qualified Lady.
Separate Chambers for Ladies only.
Insure your Health and Beauty.
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THE POPULAR BATH CHAMBERS.

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ANNAPURNA COOKER Co.,
Near Cinema, Girgaum,
BOMBAY.

Burgoyne's

SUPPLY DRUGS & CHEMICALS TO HIS MAJESTY'S ARMY.

RESIDENTS IN INDIA

are well acquainted with the trying conditions of the climate, which are responsible for so many ills, the chief of which is

LOSS OF VITALITY.

The symptoms are various, such as weariness, mental exhaustion, faintness, brain fag, and worst of all sleeplessness, which is so common during the hot summer nights but

IXIDAMA

The Celebrated Nerve Tonic, is the ideal remedy for all complaints arising from the breakdown of the nervous system to which all are more or less subject.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

whatever the cause, is immediately relieved and the more serious after-effects are avoided by the immediate use of IXIDAMA which is the finest known TONIC for increasing the supply of nerve power.

Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout India.

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"BURGOYNE for PURITY"

Result of the War

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WANTED agents also on most liberal terms. Earnest workers earning Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 a month working at leisure hours only.

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Chodavaram, Vizagapatam District.

FOR SORE TIRED FEET CORNS AND ALL FOOT TROUBLES.

WHAT SOLDIERS DO WHEN FEET ACHE, BURN, SMART AND PERSPIRE.

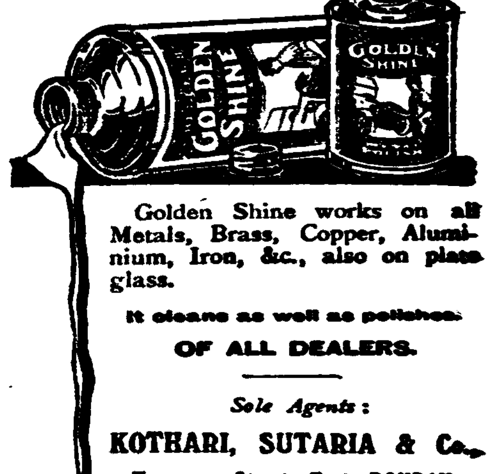
Many readers of the "Bombay Chronicle" may be interested to know how I permanently cured the extremely painful foot troubles resulting from my first few days of route marching. After numerous powders, plasters, ointments and tablets had only increased the torture I consulted my medical man, and he explained that corns, callouses, bunions, blisters, etc. are simply indications of injured tissues, but that there is really no need of enduring any forms of foot misery



a single moment. They can all be instantly relieved and permanently cured by simply resting the feet for about ten minutes in a warm foot-bath containing a tablespoonful of ordinary Reudel Bath Saltrates. This softens even the worse corns so they come out root and all at the first touch, and all calloused places, soreness and aching will quickly disappear. The feet being the farthest point from the heart to which the blood must be forced, foot troubles are often due to shoe pressure and defective circulation in these extremities. By treating the feet as above directed, you will stimulate the blood circulation, clear out sebaceous matter from the clogged pores, render the skin active, healthy and free from offensive odour or injurious effects of acid perspiration, and thus banish foot troubles for all time. All chemists keep Reudel Bath Saltrates ready put up in convenient packets, one of which will prove more than sufficient to permanently end all foot misery. A friend to whom I mentioned these saltrates even tried the treatment for chronic gout and rheumatism with astonishingly good results. Try it after coming in footsore from a long walk. You will feel like dancing with joy, and your newest, tightest boots feel like oldest pair you have—H.G.C.

9732.

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It cleans as well as polishes.

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Sole Agents:

KOTHARI, SUTARIA & Co.,
Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

METAL POLISH

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS For Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them commend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free from MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

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[SOLE AGENTS:
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Price—per tin of 40 Pills .. Rs. 5
Price—per tola of oil .. .. Rs. 10
Both purchased at a time .. Rs. 11-4
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JAMNAGAR-KATHIAWAR.
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which prevent accident to your eyes. There is no sphere in which the benefits derived from the uses of "Triplex" safety goggles have been more apparent or more appreciated than in the present War, in fact it has been the means of saving many valuable lives in the danger zone and preventing serious accident to the sight.
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Engineering and Surveying Instruments etc.
Rubber Stamp Makers.
Price List Free on Application.

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The best and cheapest in Indian Market.
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OBTAINABLE FROM:—
The Bombay Swadeshi Co-operative Stores Co., Ltd.
TIMES BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

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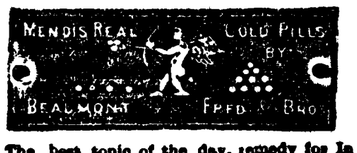

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have already been the means of saving many a life.
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Awarded Gold and Silver Medals at Indian Industrial Exhibitions.
For Malarial Fevers Influenza and mild forms of Plague
USE
BATLIWALLA'S Ague Mixture (Big) or Ague Pills, Price Re. 1.
Batliwalla's Balamrut, the Tonic for Children and Weak Persons. Price, Re. 1.
Other famous preparations are:—BATLIWALLA'S Genuine Quinine Tablets, Grs. and II each, in Bottles of 100 each. AGUE MIXTURE. (Small) 8 As. CHOLEROL for Cholera and Diarrhoea and Vomiting. Re. 1. TOOTH POWDER 4 As. TONIC PILLS (Embiral Brand) for Pale People and Nervous Breakdown. Rs. 1-8 RINGWORM OINTMENT for Ringworm, Dhobies' Itch etc.
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This Set consists of
One Battery,
10 yds. Wire, Button and a loud sounding Bell, etc.
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The best tonic of the day, remedy for Indian Potentates, gives health, strength and vigour to all. Universal cure for all diseases of the heart, lungs stomach and liver.
Prices: Rs. 2 per phial; Rs. 3 per tube
Agents Wanted
Menois Gold Pills Agency,
Address.—BOMBAY, 16

THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

The monsoon has been strong in northern India. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, east and north Punjab, Rajputana except north-west Central India, the Central Provinces except Berar and Konkan, local in the United Provinces, Kashmir, north-west Frontier Province, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, south-east Madras and north Madras coast.

The chief amounts are:—Narayanganj two inches, Bogra three, Darjeeling and Mainpuri one and a half, Mussooree and Ludhiana three, Jhansi Hissar and Simla one, Jaipur four, Ajmer two, Calicut, Negapatam and Masulipatam one and a half, Trichinopoly one.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain in the north Punjab and surrounding hills.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 17th Sept. 17.	Total since 1st June 1917	June 1st to Sept 17th. 1916	1915
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In Ct
Colaba [Observatory]	0.11	71.77	75.45	69.39
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0.10	32.36	32.26	72.54
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital]	0.08	30.23	0.96	58.14
Syoulla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.07	24 64	34.41	75.64
Kemp and Co., Cumballa Hill..	..	—	..	—

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 16th Sept. 1917.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 1 p.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.722 Inch
Temperature of Air	80.2 Deg
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.0 ,,
Dew Point	74.5 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.830 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	8.6 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	83.3 ,,
Minimum do.	73.6 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W.WSW.
Movement of Wind do. do	165 Miles
Fall of Rain	0.11 Inches
Total fall during month	10.26 ,,
Do. do. year	74.33 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 17th Sept	0.03 ,,

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is as Prince's Dock:—

			HIGH WATER.					LOW WATER.		
Day of Week.	Day of Month.		Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.	Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.
	Sept		h. m.		ft. in.		Sept	h. m.		ft. in.
Mon.	17	m	11 44		27 3	17	m	5 25	17	4
								5 48a	16	4
Tues.	18	m	0 9		27 6	18	m	5 56	17	6
			0 9a		27 3			6 15a	16	2
Wed.	19	m	0 42		27 6	19	m	6 27	17	11
			0 36a		27 0			6 43a	16	1
Thur	20	m	1 16		27 4	20	m	6 59	16	8
			1 5a		26 7			7 11a	16	3
Fri	21	m	1 51		26 11	21	m	7 32	19	3
			1 36a		26 1			7 41a	16	6
Sat.	22	m	2 30		26 5	22	m	8 8	20	1
			2 10a		25 5			8 12a	16	11
Sun.	23	m	3 20		25 9	23	m	8 56	29	11
			2 52a		24 9			9 7a	17	7

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Sept.	Sunrise:	Sunset
17 (Monday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 40m.
18 (Tuesday)	6h. 27m.	6h. 39m.
19 (Wednesday)	6h. 27m.	6h. 38m.
20 (Thursday)	6h. 27m.	6h. 38m
21 (Friday)	6h. 27m.	6h. 37m
22 (Saturday)	6h. 27m.	6h. 36m.
23 (Sunday)	6h. 28m.	6h. 35m.

Phases of the Moon:—

	d.	h.	m.	
Last Quarter	8	0	35	p.m.
New Moon	16	3	57.5	p.m.
First Quarter	24	11	11.4	a.m.
Full Moon	1	2	1.1	a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 17th September 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the north and the east Punjab; Rawalpindi has had 0.34in., Lahore 0.29in., Hissar 1.05in., and Ambala 0.70in. Skies are clear or lightly clouded in the north Punjab and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Mainpuri has had 1.65in. and Jhansi 1.09in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been general in east Rajputana; Ajmer has had 2.43in., Jaipur 3.95in., Kotah 0.78in. and Mount Abu 0.48in. Skies are clear or lightly clouded in Sind and moderately or heavily clouded in Rajputana. The air is damper than usual in Rajputana. Day temperature is in defect except in lower Sind; night temperature is in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general in north Gujarat and local in Kathiawar and Central India West; Dwarka has had 0.15i Raikot 1.20in. Ahmedabad 0.16in., Deesa 0.12in. and Neemuch 0.62in. Skies are generally heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect except at the coast stations.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Jubbulpore has had 0.17in., Saugor 0.13in., Nagpur 0.51in. and Raipur 0.20in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 0.11in. Ratnagiri 0.32in., Mormugao 0.13in. and Karwar 0.19in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been local in the Bombay Deccan; Ahmednagar has had 0.16in., and Sholapur 0.75in. Skies are moderately clouded.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has increased in the Punjab, the United Provinces, Gujarat and Kathiawar and on the Coromandel coast but decreased in the central parts of the country and in the Deccan; it has been nearly general in the north and the east Punjab, east Rajputana, north Gujarat the Konkan, south-east Madras and in all probability on the north Coromandel coast, and local in the Bombay Deccan, Kathiawar, Central India West, the Central and the United Provinces and the east Punjab, while isolated showers have occurred in Malabar.

Nearly general rain is likely in Rajputana the United Provinces and the Konkan, local rain in the Punjab, Gujarat, Kathiawar, Central India West and the Central Provinces, and some showers in Malabar, the Deccan and south-east Madras.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a.m. on MONDAY, the 17th of September, 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (16th Sept.) ..	..	..	..	..	0	—0.06
Jask	90.4	77.4	83	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	89.6	77.5	90	..	16.98	+12.34
Rawalpindi	86.9	67.9	76	0.34	34.47	+12.73
Lahore	79.3	73.3	91	0.29	21.88	+7.19
Hissar	81.7	73.2	96	1.05	13.39	..
Ambala	85.7	74.1	88	0.70	35.25	+12.95
Delhi	87.6	78.2	90	..	20.67	—1.39
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	90.9	77.6	81	0.02	32.61	+9.76
Mainpuri	90.9	75.2	93	1.65	21.98	—0.12
Jhansi	92.7	74.8	87	1.09	30.69	+4.19
Cawnpore	85.2	77.7	93	0.07	34.99	+4.05
Allahabad	88.0	76.8	87	..	32.10	+0.13
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	95.7	82.4	77	..	10.28	+8.01
Karachi	84.3	76.1	80	..	4.00	—2.10
Ajmer	82.0	74.2	93	2.43	39.25	+20.87
Jaipore	85.2	74.1	85	4.00	34.35	+21.36
Kotah	85.0	74.6	87	0.76	44.11	+12.67
Mount Abu	67.5	63.9	96	0.48	116.47	+58.09
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
.. ..	87.4	75.7	78	..	21.17	+8.36
Bhuj	86.4	77.7	87	0.15	12.04	+0.78
Dwarka	82.2	77.6	84	0.48	24.24	+7.76
Veraval	84.2	76.9	87	1.27	27.24	+3.39
Rajkot	85.6	75.8	86	..	19.93	+1.05
Dhavnagar Para ..	86.3	76.6	83	0.08	37.04	—0.18
Surat	83.7	74.8	86	0.10	36.23	+8.12
Ahmedabad	86.0	76.2	89	0.12	23.58	+21.52
Deesa	79.4	72.1	90	0.62	4.28	+21.44
Neemuch	78.9	71.1	91	0.65	32.73	+4.52
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	85.3	73.5	94	0.75	47.48	—0.90
Saugor	84.8	71.4	95	0.13	47.60	+7.22
Hoshangabad	79.7	72.8	93	0.05	48.30	+5.32
Khandwa	83.4	71.9	76	..	23.65	—1.01
Akola	86.6	72.3	80	..	24.58	—3.47
Amraoti	83.8	71.3	83	0.08	18.11	—0.41
Nagpur	82.1	72.8	81	0.51	41.44	+0.95
Chanda	85.3	76.2	83	..	42.86	—1.23
Raipur	78.3	72.9	86	0.20	55.06	+13.06
KONKAN—						
Bombay	83.3	77.5	82	0.11	71.77	+6.49
Ratnagiri	86.9	72.9	90	0.32	97.99	+6.19
Marmugao	83.2	72.9	95	0.13	85.51	+2.30
Karwar	83.2	72.2	95	0.19	112.86	+5.30
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	84.6	75.5	94	..	6.49	—0.92
Ahmednagar	86.8	74.3	84	0.16	12.86	—2.65
Poona	82.0	67.9	79	..	10.19	—7.90
Sholapur	85.3	68.7	81	0.75	17.29	—2.63
Bijapur	84.4	67.4	83	..	14.18	+2.26
Belgaum	79.9	68.3	94	0.05	29.88	—0.15
Aurangabad	83.5	69.9	75	..	24.72	+2.79
Nizamabad (Indur) ..	83.2	72.2	87	..	61.80	+18.50
Hyderabad	85.6	71.2	88	—	22.07	+0.52
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	83.5	73.1	81	0.01	114.90	+9.74
Calicut	83.8	74.3	93	1.61	69.77	—16.10
Cocuin	85.8	75.9	86	..	64.26	—4.99
Colombo	84.5	72.9	90	0.03	40.55	—8.51
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR AND MY- SORE—						
Masulipatam	89.6	71.2	98	1.45	32.65	+11.61
Belgary	83.3	70.7	68	..	12.14	+2.54
Cuddapah	92.4	70.8	73	..	15.09	—1.76
Madras	92.7	75.4	87	0.56	18.67	+4.98
Bangalore	82.7	66.1	87	0.05	14.35	—1.95
Coimbatore	88	71.9	70	..	4.02	—0.80
Trichinopoly	90.7	71.7	69	0.91	18.25	+5.01
Negapatam	90.8	76.9	88	1.70	8.37	—0.94

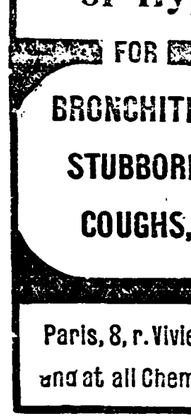
STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 17th September, 1917, was 29.951 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .158 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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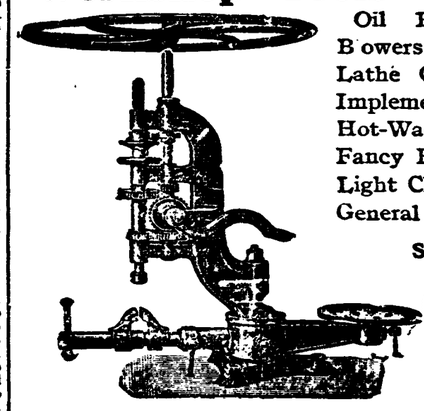
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